University of British Columbia Library Rare Books and Special Collections

Finding Aid - Jim McDowell collection (RBSC-ARC-1811)

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Jim McDowell collection

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Summary information

Repository: University of British Columbia Library Rare Books and Special

Collections

Title: Jim McDowell collection

ID: RBSC-ARC-1811

Date: Reproduction [201-?] (date of creation)

Physical description: 2 cm of textual records

14 maps

4 oversize maps

Dates of creation, Finding aid created by Ashlynn Prasad, July 2019.

revision and deletion:

Note

[sourcesDescription]: All file- and item-level titles and descriptions have been provided by

Jim McDowell.

Note [generalNote]: Includes the following oversize maps: RBSC-ARC-1811-OS-01 to

RBSC-ARC-1811-OS-04.

Administrative history / Biographical sketch

Note

Jim McDowell is a veteran British Columbia historian. His first career was teaching, which took him into classrooms from northern California to Seattle, New York City, and Vancouver. He taught elementary school in California and Washington, worked as an inner-city education consultant in Harlem and Brooklyn, and educated teachers at Simon Fraser University. McDowell also worked for 20 years as a freelance writer and independent reporter; he wrote hundreds of newspaper and magazine articles for Canadian and U.S. publications.

McDowell has four published books: Peace Conspiracy: The Story of Warrior-Businessman Yoshiro Fujimura (McBo, Irvine, CA 1993), a partial biography of a once obscure Japanese naval commander; Hamatsa: The Enigma of Cannibalism on the Pacific Northwest Coast (Ronsdale, Vancouver, BC 1997), an investigation of the existence of cannibalism among early Northwest Coast Native people; Father August Brabant: Saviour or Scourge? by Ronsdale, which presents a thorough, unvarnished biography of the first Catholic missionary to work on Vancouver Island during the colonial period; and Josè Maria Narvaez: The Forgotten Explorer (Arthur H. Clark, Spokane, WA 1998), the first full life story of the Spanish-Mexican navigator.

Scope and content

Collection consists of documents and maps that supported the findings in McDowell's book, Uncharted Waters: The Explorations of Jose Narvaez (1768-1840), published in 2015 by Ronsdale Press, Vancouver, BC.

All items in this collection are photocopies. The dates of the originals fall between 1788 and 1830. When available, information about the locations of the originals is specified in the file-level description. From McDowell: "One of the least appreciated, but potentially most important set of historical documents in [RBSC] are those related to the overlooked Spanish navigator Jose Maria Narvaez (1768-1840), the first European mariner to explore the central and northern parts of what we now call the Salish Sea in 1791 -- one year before the famous captains Dionisio Alcala-Galiano, Cayetano Valdes y Bazan, and George Vancouver investigated the same inland sea. Although Narvaez's remarkable achievements and contributions were largely ignored, overlooked, or minimized until 1998, a more accurate assessment is emerging, and it has been supported significantly by the documentary information in [RBSC]."

Notes

Title notes

Immediate source of acquisition

This collection was donated to RBSC by Jim McDowell in April 2019.

Arrangement

Items have been arranged according to the numbering system provided by Jim McDowell.

Other notes

• **Publication status**: published

Series descriptions

Ref code	Title	Dates	Access status	Container
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-01	File - Document related to Spanish	<u></u>		
	Exploration of Pacific Northwest Coast			
	by José María Narváez in 1788: Original			
	photocopy of Narváez's diary of the 1788			
	voyage.			
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-02	File - Document related to Spanish	_		
	Exploration of Pacific Northwest			
	Coast by José María Narváez in 1788			

	and 1791–1792: Two photocopies of
	Narváez's Service Record in the Spanish
	Navy between April 23, 1782 and May
	31, 1824.
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-03	File - Official, final draft of Juan
KBSC-ARC-1811-1-03	Carrasco's Carta que comprehende los
	interiors y veril de la costo desde las 48°
	latitude N. hasta los 50° examinados
	excrulosamente por el Teniente de Navio
	de la Real Armada Don Franscisco
	Elizaen este año de 1791. [MN 3-E-1
	(13)].
RBSC-	Item - Oversize Map
ARC-1811-1-03-OS-01	
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-04	File - Photocopy of Gonzolo López
1011 1 04	de Haro's chart Plano del Estrecho de
	Fuca, 1790 drafted for Manuel Quimper,
	showing the strait was closed except for
	one channel (Canal de López de Haro).
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-05	File - Photocopy of Narváez's complete
	Carta esferica que comprehende
	los interiorsAño de 1791, which
	represented his original naming of places
	in the Gran Canal.
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-06	File - Photocopy of inset on Juan
	Carrasco's Carta que comprehende,
	1791 showing details of Puerto de la
	Santa Cruz de Nuca (the small harbour
	at the outpost of Cala de los Amigos or
	Friendly Cove)
DDCC ADC 1911 1 07	
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-07	File - Author's adaptation of small
	portion of Carrasco's Carta que
	comprehende, 1791, showing the route
	of José Narváez's reconnaissance around
	Isla de Masarredo (Nootka Island) in
	Puerto de San Lorenzo de Nuca (Nootka
	Sound) aboard the schooner Santa
	Saturnina in April, 1791.
RBSC-	Item - Oversize Map
ARC-1811-1-07-OS-02	
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-08	File - Author's adaptation of photocopy
1000 1110 1011 1 00	of Carrasco's chart Plano del
	Archipielago de Clayocuat, 1791,
	showing exploration routes taken
	in what was then known as "Puerto
	Narváez" (Clayoquot Sound) by Narváez
	(continuous line) and Juan Pantoja
	(broken line) May 10–20, 1791.
RBSC-	Item - Oversize Map
ARC-1811-1-08-OS-03	
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-09	File - Two photocopy versions of
	Carrasco's chart Plano del Archipielago
	de Nictinac ó de Carrasco en la Isla de
	Quadra y Vancuber en la costa No. de
	America, c. 1792, showing exploration
	route taken in Boca Carrasco (Barkley
	Total taken in Bota Cartageo (Barkie)

	County by Marridge from May 21 to
	Sound) by Narváez from May 21 to
	June 10, 1791 in command of the Santa
nnaa.	Saturnina.
RBSC-	Item - Oversize Map
ARC-1811-1-09-OS-04	
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-10	File - Enlargement and adaptation of a
	small portion of José Narváez's chart
	Carta esferica que comprehende los
	interiors Año de 1791 (1-05), which
	represented his original naming of places
	during the first European reconnaissance
	of the Southern Gulf Islands, June 14–24,
	1791 and shows the approximate route
	followed by two vessels: Santa Saturnina
	and its longboat.
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-11	File - Adapted photocopy of the
	central portion of Carrasco's Carta
	que comprehende , 1791, showing
	the approximate route of exploration
	northwest along the eastern shore of the
	Gran Canal from Punta de San Rafael
	(near White Rock and Boundary Bay) to
	Isla de San Ignacio (Thormanby Islands).
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-12	File - Enlarged close-up of small portion
RDSC /IRC 1011 1 12	of Carrasco's working chart for Carta
	que comprehende, 1791, showing
	notation islas bajas y anegadas ("low and
	flooded islands") in the alluvial flood
	plain of what is now the dyked and built-
	up Fraser River delta.
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-13	
KBSC-ARC-1611-1-13	File - Author's adaptation of
	northwestern part of Carrasco's Carta
	que comprehende, 1791, showing
	approximate extent of exploration at head
	of Gran Canal between Isla de Texada
	(Texada Island) and Punta de Lazo de la
	Vega (Point Lazo).
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-14	File - Adaptation of central part of
	Carrasco's Carta que comprehende,
	1791, showing approximate route of
	exploration southeast along the western
	shore of the Gran Canal from Punta de
	San Leonardo (near Quallicum Beach)
	to Punta y Bajo de Santa Saturnina (East
	Point of Saturna Island).
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-15	File - Close-up of entrances to Boca de
	Wenthuysen (Nanaimo Harbour).
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-16	File - Narváez's Carta Corographica de
	los Estados de Jalisco, 1824, gave
	the state, which was divided into eight
	cantons, its first scientifically drafted
	map.
RBSC-ARC-1811-1-17	File - Portion of Carta Corographica
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	de los Estados de Jalisco showing area
	around San Blas and Tepic in 1824.
	1

RBSC-ARC-1811-1-18	File - Photocopy of Narváez's Plano del
	territorio de la Alta California, 1830,
	which is the earliest map of Mexican
	lands between Establecimiento Ruso
	(Fort Ross) in the north and Mission San
	Miguel in the south.