

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1110

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Title and Nature: Declarations Concerning Greater East Asia

Date: 1944 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL:

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SAITO, Tadashi; OKUSHI, Toyo-o; SAITO, Sho; SAKUDA, Soichi; SHIRATORI, Toshio

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The subjects treated are:

Fundamental Law of Mutual Existence and Prosperity."

"Principle of Independence and Amicability."

"Principle of Rising Civilization."

"Principle of Economic Prosperity."

"Fundamental Laws of Contributing to World Progress."

Written by the five mentioned men.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Wilds

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1111

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Book, "Collection of Treaties Concerning the Establishment of Greater East Asia."

Date: Nov 1943 Original Copy Language: Japanese
Chinese, French
English & Siamese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: ARITA, Hachiro

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for aggression--Thailand.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains records of treaties concerning establishment of Greater East Asia. The Japanese Government negotiated with China, Manchuria, Thailand, the Philippines, Burma and France, always seeking an advantage in agreement suitable for economic aggression. Of particular interest is her five-year guarantee of territorial integrity with Thailand of 12 June 1940, p. 32 (Foreign Minister ARITA, Hachiro, signatory for Japan.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1112

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Policy toward Neutral Powers and Other Problems"

Date: 15 Dec 41 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for war of aggression and plan for Greater East Asia co-prosperity sphere.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The contents are as follows:

Japanese policy toward neutral powers (pp. 32-53); gives details of the plan for management of the South Sea area, including the Philippines and Dutch India. Also, details concerning "the punishment of aviators who were captured after air raiding Japan" (p. 156); the "illegality of attacking or injuring civilians in war time" (p. 179); and "grave war crimes" are given. Pages 85-88 give details of Japanese objects and principles in war.

Besides the above the following, which are not translated, are filed in the book.

Principles for the construction of Greater East Asia co-prosperity sphere. (p. 1)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1113

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: P.O.W. Reports

Date: 1944-45 Original () Copy (x) Language: French
Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No ()

Has it been photostated? Yes () No ()

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUZUKI

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation of P.O.W.
regulations.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Item 1. Letter from Swiss Legation to Japanese Foreign Department on 15 May 1945 concerning General Sutton who has only one arm, likely died after months of torture. Minister of Legation SUZUKI of the Foreign Department sent an inquiry letter of 26 June 1945 to the President of the War Prisoner Board on this subject. No answer in document.

Item 2. Letter of inquiry from Swiss Legation concerning 17 Americans killed by Japanese detachment at Kapitu-Narmin, Capiz, P.I. on 20 December 1943. No answer in document.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1116

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Report of Privy Council Meeting

Date: 12 Nov 41 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL:

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HARA; SUZUKI; TOJO; TOGO; KISHI

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for war of aggression: Tripartite Pact

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

I. Protocol for Croatian participation in the Tripartite Pact.

A. Croatia declared itself independent on 10 April 1941.

B. Germany and Italy recognized the independence and Japan followed.

C. 5 June 1941, Italy asked the Japanese Government to permit Croatia to participate in the Tripartite Pact

D. Japan consented to Italy's request of permitting this participation in the Tripartite Pact.

II. Revision of the Korean Government general organization.

A. Object--Securing of manpower and necessary materials directed toward mobilizing for war.

B. Measures (p. 18)

1. Creating a Welfare Bureau to take charge of labor mobilization and relief measures.

2. Administration bureau to carry out the coordinated policies for Korea.

3. Planning department for plans and prosecution of national mobilization and distribution of essential materials.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1116

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1117

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: File of applications and reports of the East Asia Research Foundation to the Cabinet.

Date: 1940 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: C.I.C. through Lt. Splane

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The purpose of this foundation was to do research and investigate the geographic condition of Eastern Asia. (Commerce, industry, mineral resources, agriculture, communications, fishing, etc.)

The table of contents is as follows:

- (1) Reports on revision of the rules of general affairs of the Eastern Asia Research Foundation.
- (2) Report on the Branch Office of the Eastern Asia Research Foundation.
- (3) Application for sanction of the cabinet as to business plans of 1940.
- (4) Business report of 1939.
In this report under Item 4, material regarding the confiscation of 700,000 volumes of books in March 1939 by the Japanese Army in China is included. The following translation is made regarding the confiscation:

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"In order to comply with the desire of the Japanese army stationed in Central China and to make prompt arrangement for the 700,000 volumes of confiscated books, we despatched 10 personnel of this office to NANKING in March 1939."

(No further information is included.)

- (5) Report of displacement of directors.
- (6) Resignation and alteration of residences of the directors.
- (7) Application for sanction of the 1941 budget.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1118

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Privy Council Proceedings,
"Prisoners of War Bureau of Information"

Date: 24 Dec 41 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO; SUZUKI; HARA, Yoshimichi;
ARAKI; MINAMI

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation of Hague
Convention; creation of PW Information Bureau

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The Council approves the establishment of a Prisoners
of War Information Bureau with no comment.

The reporter stated as follows:

Among the several agreements concluded at the second
International Peace Conference which was held in 1907
at the Hague, Holland, and in which Japan took part, was
one which was signed by our delegates, referred to this
Council for deliberation and ratified /by the Emperor/
namely the treaty concerning the land warfare (Treaty
No. 4, 1912). It is fixed by Article 14 of the articles
concerning the regulations and usages of warfare annexed
to the aforesaid treaty, that the Prisoners' Bureau of
Information shall be established with the opening of the
war so as to be engaged in the affairs of communications
concerning the prisoners of war. And now that we have
opened the war with England and America, we, conforming

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to the aforesaid article, must and are going to establish the Prisoners' Bureau of Information. The essentials of the organization are as follows: (1) The Prisoners' Bureau of Information shall be under the control of the War Minister; it shall be engaged in researching and informing about the situations of prisoners of war, in making and revising the file card of each prisoner, in holding in trust, and sending to the family the things and testaments left behind by the deceased prisoners, in dealing with contributions to the prisoners and with the money and affairs to be sent by the prisoners, in dealing with the information about the enemy's war dead and with their testament and things left behind, and in assisting the research about, and the communication with, those captured in enemy's hands (2) The Bureau shall be set up in Tokyo. (3) In the Prisoners' Bureau of Information one director to be chosen from among officers below colonels of the army and those below captains of the navy, and several clerks of HANNIN grade can be nominated; besides some secretaries can be chosen from the government offices concerned.

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1119

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: POW Report

Date: See below Original () Copy (x) Language:
Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Foreign Ministry

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation of regulations concerning POW.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Item 1. The torture and decapitation infringed upon an American airman on 23 March 1944 when he parachuted in the water and swam ashore near AITAPE, New Guinea.

Item 2. Concerning the treatment of Pows at sub-camp No. 2 KAWASAKI, Tokyo. The treatment to which they were subjected.

Item 3. Sick and wounded American Pows in SAIGON are subjected to the authority of a cruel and irresponsible soldier who has been placed in control of the hospital and that there were no medical supplies and drugs essential to the proper care of Pows.

Analyst: 2d Lt. Miwa

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1120

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Records of Privy Council Meeting re Japanese-Chinese Joint Declaration concerning the war and Extraterritoriality Abolition Treaty.

Date: 8 Jan 1943 Original Copy Language: Jap.

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation of Nine-Power Treaty

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

After introductory remarks of the reporting member, SUZUKI, the details of the Joint Declaration and the Agreement are discussed. (pp. 13-17)

The Agreement provides for return of Japanese jurisdiction in China to the Chinese Government, restoration of Chinese administration in the International Settlement in Shanghai, etc., and equal treatment of Japanese and Chinese by the China Government.

Attached are the text of the Joint Declaration and Agreement in Japanese and Chinese.

Analyst: 2d Lt. Steiner

Doc. No. 1120

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1121

2 April 1946

ANALYSES OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: PoW Reports.

Date: 24 Jan 1945 Original () Copy (x) Language:
Jap. and English

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:
Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Statement of cruelty to which a British soldier was subjected when captured by a Japanese Corps near UNDAW, Burma on 24 January 1945.

Analyst: 2d Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1121

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1123

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: POW Reports.

Date: 31 July 1943 Original Copy Language:
Jap.

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:
Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Three fleeing American PWs, charged by the Japanese with killing a police officer, were recaptured, tried and executed in MUKDEN, Manchuria, on 31 July 1943. Executed men were: Marine Sgt. Ferdinand F. Meringale and Marine Cpl. Victor Palliotti.

Analyst: 2d Lt. Miwa

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1124

2 April

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Book, Records of Privy Council Committee Meetings.

Date: 1930 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KAWAI; YAMANASHI; HAMAGUCHI

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for aggression against U.S.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Third, fourth and fifth meetings of the Investigation Committee were heated discussions re disadvantages to Japan of London Naval Treaty 1930. Vice Adm. SAKONJI, obeying wishes of Plenipotentiary TAKARABE, wired to Vice-Minister YAMANASHI, "Wire back instructions defying rupture." Chief of Naval Gen. Staff was opposed to instructions sent to London. Councillor KANEKO stated that decision as to volume of armed forces is the "most important of Imperial prerogatives In Japan the Emperor personally decides it (volume of armed forces) assisted by the General Staff."

Seventh meeting, Councillor KAWAI said, "When America and other powers intervene between Japan and China re Japan's interest in Manchuria and Mongolia, crisis comes to the peace of the Orient. We must be prepared for it. What does the government think?" (p.68) Prime Minister HAMAGUCHI (deceased) said, "Our naval ratio against America will become lower and lower as we approach the year 1936 ... but, as we can build ships from the beginning of 1937, if we are well prepared within the limits of the treaty and

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begin building at the expiration of the treaty, we shall soon come to be able to maintain the 70% ratio against America. It will be a useless anxiety to think that America will do something against Japan in China when our naval ratio against America is at the lowest." (p.69)

Councillor YAMAKAWA asked if highest navy authorities think national defense may be completed by supplementing special kinds of naval strength (p.93), to which the Navy Minister replied that supplementary naval strength would enable Japanese to fight a nearly even battle.

At end of thirteenth meeting, Privy Council Investigation Committee decided to pass the treaty. (p.151)

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1125

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reports on Crimes Committed by Nationalists," compiled by the Home Ministry.

Date: 1943-45 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Home Ministry (through CI and E)

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra Nationalism

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This file contains:

1. Documents concerning the attempt at IKEDA, Seishiu's, life in July 1943. The decision was delivered at the first hearing before Tokyo Criminal Court on March 5, 1945.
2. Report of the trial against the man who made an attempt at overthrowing the TOJO cabinet by assassinating him in 1943, Tokyo Criminal Court, 28 March 1945.
3. Report from the KUMAMOTO Local Court on the indictment against three accused who tried to overthrow the TOJO cabinet by instigating the mass to kill TOJO, 28 Feb. 1945.
4. Documents related with the decision made against two accused who were prosecuted for instigating people to overthrow the TOJO cabinet. Tokyo Criminal Court, 8 May 1945.
5. Documents concerning the indictment of three men who were planning to kill OGATA, Taketora, (the Minister of State and the leader of the Imperial Rule Assistance Men's Association) in February, 1935.

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Doc. No. 1125 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

6. A case of fraud committed by a member of a nationalistic association.

7. Documents related with the attempt at assassinating SUZUKI (Premier) and HIRANUMA (President of the Privy Council) on 14 Aug 1945. Three students and two others helped soldier set the houses of the above mentioned two people on fire.

8. Reports on the distribution of bills and posters during the few days after the surrender.

9. Reports concerning an attempt made by a group of men and women in the city of MATSUE in order to raise the nation against the surrender.

(A more detailed analysis of items 8 and 9 is attached to the document.)

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1126

2 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: File of application and reports of the Eastern Asia Research Foundation to the Cabinet (Vol. II)

Date: 1941 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: C.I.C. (through Lt. Splane)

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity League.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Investigations by Research Conference as follows: Japanese Investments in China; food supply for Manchuria and China; Eastern Asia resources; Second World War; mineral resources and agricultural products of Soviet in Far East Asia; forestry of Siberia; the livelihood of races in Far East Russia; basis of new China-Central-Regime on viewpoint of international law; fishing in South China Seas; construction of Chinese "hinterland," Chinese secret parties; history of penetration of European and American influence into China; health conditions of Chinese harbours; resources in south sea area; French Indo-China, Dutch Indies, Philippines, Burma and Timor Island investigations, etc.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1126

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1127

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: POW Reports

Date: 7 Sept. 45 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: Lt. Col. TAKAKURA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PW's

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

A draft concerning investigation by U. S. of execution of American airmen by Japanese court martial. Japan does not wish to have the actual place of this execution known to U. S., according to Lt. Col. TAKAKURA.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1127

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1128

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT. Unbound volume --Privy Council Meeting, 23 October 1943

Date: 23 Oct 43 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:
Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki; KOIZUMI, Chikahiko;
SHIMADA, Shigetaro; ANDO, Kisaburo; AOKI, Kazuo; SHIGEMITSU

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Japan's aggression
in China. Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity League

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Record of Privy Council deliberation re alliance
treaty between Japan and China.

Prime Minister TOJO stated "before outbreak of
Greater East Asia War.....Japan had to settle the China
incident, leaving Britain and U. S. to act as they
pleased in China.....with the new orientation of our
/China/ policy, the nationalist government of China de-
clared war on America and England at the beginning of
this year.....and cooperated with Japan to bring the
Greater East Asia War to a successful end." (p. 12,13,14)

Supercedes "Sino-Japanese Fundamental Treaty" of
30 November 1940 (p. 17). Annexed protocol promises
withdrawal Japanese troops from China when general peace
returns as well as the giving up right of stationing
troops in China as per Peking Protocol. Draft was
unanimously passed (p. 20).

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Ohberg

Doc. No. 1128

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1129

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten notes, "Salient Points in the Informal Conversations between MATSUOKA and STAHRER, with the German Ambassador assisting."

Date: 1940 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese
English

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry (found in file of telegrams re State matters.)

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA, Yosuke; STAHRER; OTTO

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Tripartite Pact; conspiracy of aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Listed informally are the following points, most important of which is No. 6:

1. Germany does not want the war to develop world-wide; in particular, she wishes the U.S. to stay out.
2. Germany at this time does not want Japan's military assistance in her war with England.
 - a. Japan's role is to prevent the U. S., by restraining moves, from entering the war.
3. The three powers (Italy included) must enter into an agreement whereby they can meet any emergency--for the same reason, to keep America out.
4. Germany wants Japan to realize the danger from the U. S. and will help Japan with military equipment as needed. (Here it is noted, MATSUOKA wanted to set up a commission to arrange military and naval details, granted Japan joins the Axis in the sense and in the way Germany wishes.)

5. Germany to respect Japanese leadership: Greater East Asia, Japan to supply Germany with materials from these regions.

6. The following is a direct quote from the notes:

"Germany, in asking Japan to join the Axis in the fullest sense of the word and that quickly, before the war against England closes, is taking a long view of carrying on stupendous struggle against the British Empire, not to say the Anglo-Saxondom including America. The present war may end before long, but this great struggle will go on for tens of years yet, in one form or another. (MATSUOKA emphasized this phase.)

"Let the three (Germany, Italy and Japan) stand together knitted very closely until the great aim is finally achieved."

A tentative draft of the Pact (English copy only) is attached. Language used is much stronger than the first draft.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1130

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Official PW Reports of Information
Channeled through the International Red Cross

Date: See below Original Copy Language: Japanese
French & English

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violations of
regulations concerning PWs; Geneva Convention and
violations of laws of humanity.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains:

- A. Report on Prisoner of War Camp MURCFISON
(Australia) (visited 7 Dec. 1944) including a recital of
the treatment afforded prisoners.
- B. Reference to Japanese drugging Chinese with
opium. (p.A-4)
- C. Wanton killing of hundreds of Philippine
civilians for being anti-Japanese recounted (p. A5).
- D. Protest of the British Government to Japan
through the Swiss Legation concerning the treatment
afforded four soldiers of the Punjab Regiment who had
escaped and were recaptured by Japanese troops, 23 May 45.
- E. Execution of an Australian officer, Capt.
Colin Matthews, for being a spy and also giving false
reports, 22 June 1945.

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F. Inquiry as to why two Australian soldiers were beheaded in Saigon, Burma, through the Swiss Legation. No reason given, 29 July 1945.

G. The document also contains assorted protests by the British through the International Red Cross as to the treatment afforded PWs.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1131

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten copies of telegrams covering "EDEN-SHIGEMITSU Conversations."

Date: Early Feb. Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
1941

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; SHIGEMITSU

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression--THAI,
INDO-CHINA

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

In this series of conversations, Eden expresses his Government's dissent to the theory that Japan alone has the right to dictate in East Asia, particularly as expressed in her activities in THAILAND and INDO-CHINA.

SHIGEMITSU's reply is that Japan's holding a position of leadership there is natural, "considering her geographical position." Further, he avoids the issue of penetration into INDO-CHINA by adding, "there is no evidence Japan has ever invaded any British territory." (p. 10) SHIGEMITSU could not see why Japan's "special interests in the political and economic field of operations" was not recognized. (p. 11)

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

Doc. No. 1131

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1132

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten telegram "MATSUOKA to EDEN on Foreign Policy," and note to SHIGEMITSU

Date: 13 Feb 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: English
Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; SHIGEMITSU

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

MATSUOKA, in an introductory note to SHIGEMITSU (Ambassador) urges him to stop the British printing anti-Japanese propaganda: "We have no intention whatsoever to resort to arms against Britain."

In the message to Eden, he attempts to calm fears of further Japanese moves. They are made, if at all, only with concern for American and British preparations in the Far East. Secondly, the Tripartite Pact only attempts to end the European war soon without involving others.

The message is turgid with pleas for peace and of Japan's peaceful aims, and MATSUOKA offers to mediate the conflict.

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

Doc. No. 1132

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1133

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten telegram, MATSUOKA to SHIGEMITSU re Japan's entry into European War.

Date: 17 Feb 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression, FRENCH INDO-CHINA

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Short telegram concerns British charge that Japanese foreign policy is controlled by militarists; MATSUOKA says that he inquired into it, found "no broad basis in fact for it." Charges British and American fighting of coalition responsible for Japanese attitude and moves in FRENCH INDO-CHINA.

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

Doc. No. 1133

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1135

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (General)

Date: 1931 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports and instructions re anti-Jap movement exchanged between Jap Consuls in CHINA and Foreign Ministry. Included are "Anti-Japanese Instructions of the TOHOKU Authorities in MANCHURIA" sent from the KWANTUNG Government to the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs and many anti-Jap propaganda pamphlets published by the Chinese, which were sent to the Home Minister by various prefectural governors.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1135

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1136

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reports by wire, Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (CENTRAL CHINA) HANKOW

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Reports, in writing and by wire, sent from Consul-General, and Military and Naval Attaches stationed in HANKOW, to Foreign Ministry re anti-Jap movements and boycott against JAPAN resulting from the Manchurian Incident.

This treats chiefly Chinese acts, but contains some protests by Japanese officials, above mentioned, to Chinese prefectural authorities for control of such movements.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1136

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1137

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Transcript of telegrams from
Japanese Consuls in China

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: (see summary)

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident;
propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains transcripts of telegrams sent from the
Japanese Consuls in CHUNGKING, SOOCHOW, HANKOW, AND HANG-
CHOW to the Foreign Ministers, SHIDEHARA (1931), SAITO
(1932), INUGAI (1932), UCHIDA (1932-33), and HIROTA
(1933-35) relative to the anti-Japanese movements and the
Chinese boycott against JAPAN.

Treats Chinese acts only.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1137

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1138

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reports on: Manchurian Incident
--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (General)

Date: 1931-32 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TAKEI, Ayazo

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident;
Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports and instructions between the Japanese consuls in CHINA and the Foreign Office, as well as government officials in JAPAN PROPER, re anti-Jap movement in CHINA. Two general statements of the anti-Jap movement result from the Manchurian Incident which were compiled by the Asiatic Bureau of the Foreign Office, and by the Press Department of the War Office, respectively. Also a transcript of the petition by TAKEI, Ayazo, sent to the League of Nations, on 14 November 1931, protesting the anti-Jap movement.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1138

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1139

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese
Movement and Boycott (SOUTH CHINA) CANTON

Date: 1931-32 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and
censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports re anti-Jap movement sent from Jap
Consul General SUMA, at CANTON, to the Foreign Ministry.
Also transcripts of telegrams sent to the Vice-Minister of
Foreign Affairs from the MAKO Fortress Commander at BOKO
Island, FORMOSA, relative to the same movement.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1139

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1140

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (General)

Date: 1932-33 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains copies of anti-Jap propaganda published by the Chinese re Manchurian Incident. It includes reports on such propaganda submitted by the Chief of the Metropolitan Police Board to the Home Minister, Foreign Minister, and prefectural governors concerned. Also reports on the anti-Jap movement compiled by agencies of the Foreign Ministry and by the Government-General of FORMOSA.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1140

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1141

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: POW Reports

Date: See Below Original Copy Language: Japanese
English & French

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Item 1. English and Australian PWs who escaped from the torpedoed ship "RAKUYO MARU" in South China Sea on 12 Sept 1944 tell about ill treatment of PWs.

Item 2. U.S.'s protest against ill treatment by Japanese of the crew of "Jean Nicolet" after torpedoing 2 July 1944. Those picked up were subjected to torture and exposure.

Item 3. Coleman D. Greelish shot to death by guards while trying to escape from PW camp in Formosa 19 Sept 1944.

Item 4. Treatment of captured U. S. plane crew. Orders issued 11 Feb 1944 to Japanese Armed Forces in Siam by the command of the 138th Infantry Regiment, 31st Division, of the Japanese Imperial Army to the effect that captured enemy air personnel are not to be treated as PWs, that they are to be separated from other prisoners, that after being searched, they are to be handed over to the Gendarmerie and that they are to be severely punished excepting those who can be put to some special use.

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Doc. No. 1141 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

Item 5. U. S. protest to Japan re brutal treatment of a U. S. Army private, September 21, 1943, near Aryat, Pampanga, Philippines.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1141

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1142

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Letters of protest through Swiss Legation to Japan

Date: See below Original () Copy (x) Language: French and English

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs; illegal work

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Ill treatment of Hindus under the control of Japanese forces 27 March 1945. They are under the contention that captured Indians are not PWs.
2. U.S. PWs who survived the sinking of a transport, 7 Sept 1944, off Mindanao, P.I. Reports that treatment accorded PWs in the Philippines has been consistently cruel and inhumane. 650 U.S. PWs compelled to work the Lasang Airfield, a known military installation. Punishment of utmost severity was inflicted upon the slightest provocation by Lt. HOSIDA (in one instance). Prisoners forced to subsist on starvation rations. Sanitary conditions defied all established rules of sanitation. PWs deprived of their shoes
3. "Flight Sergeant" Burrige was sentenced to 5 years in prison for insubordination to Japanese inspector.
4. 700 PWs in Rangoon jail receiving ill treatment and poor medical treatment, 19 March 1945.
5. NOAH CECIL HEARD was killed by beating at FUKUOKA PW camp, 31 May 1944.
6. Request for reasons for shooting of Capt. LIONEL COLIN MATTHEWS in Borneo on 2 March 1944.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1142

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1143

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Report "BO-SAN-OTSU(GAI)-HATSU-5" (27 Jan 42), from INAMURA, Toyojiro, Chief of Staff of the BO-SHU-DAN Army to KIMURA, Vice-Minister of the War Dept.

Date: 1942 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: HACHIOJI Dump, War Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports dealing with procedures to be followed in treatment of foreign residents and their interests in Inner Mongolia, particularly Belgian nationals.

Re treatment of interned Belgians, after the rupture of relations between Japan and Belgium:

1. To be handled similarly to Anglo-Americans, in accordance with the regulation entitled "Detailed Measures Applied to Third Country Interests Located in Inner Mongolia.

a. All individuals of enemy nationality required to file a registration form within one week after date of proclamation to that effect by the Japanese Army, stating present address and property.

b. No meetings permitted without proper sanction.

c. All schools to be closed.

d. No communication unless approved by Japanese Army censor.

e. No transmission or reception by radio or wireless.

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f. The Vatican and Roman Catholicism will not be treated as enemies, but missionaries of enemy nationality in Roman Catholic churches will be treated as enemy nationals.

2. The report states that Belgians in PAOTOW and HO HO have been treated in accordance with above regulations.

3. Measures to be applied to military men of enemy countries, or of any person who might be categorized as such:

a. Military members on actual duty, reservists, technicians, and anyone whose technical qualities can be profitably appropriated to our military purposes, shall be interned in CHANG-CHIAKOU as prisoners of war.

b. Public Interests and properties of the enemy countries shall be placed under our custody.

c. Private industries and properties of enemy nationals are subject to the following regulations:

(1) In principle, no confiscation but treatment in such manner as to permit our army to keep hold thereof.

(2) That which can be directly employed for Japan's military purposes to be under army custody, appropriation, or confiscation.

(3) Any building deserted by an enemy national by reason of internment or return to his native country shall be put under custody and a report shall be promptly submitted to the army commander.

(4) Buildings and structures employed for religious, charitable, educational, artistic, and scientific purposes shall be respected, but those which have been used to aid hostile actions shall be closed or turned over to Chinese authorities for operation.

(5) Postal matters shall be examined by the gendarmarie and passed on to army censor.

(6) Telephonic and telegraphic communications shall be prohibited unless permission is obtained from the Chief of the Army Foreign Service or the Chief of Intelligence in CHANGCHIAKOU.

(7) Communication equipment shall be appropriated.

(8) Publication of books, newspapers, etc., shall be prohibited, and pre-war publications subject to confiscation.

(9) No one shall go more than a radius of 6 kilos from his registered address or be gone over 24 hours.

4. Treatment of foreign diplomats to be as follows:
 - a. Treatment to be just and legitimate
 - b. Suspension of travel
 - c. Transfer to headquarters of Japanese Expeditionary Force in North China under escort of gendarmerie
5. Treatment of foreign missionaries to be as follows:

- a. Treatment to be courteous.
- b. Steps should be taken to ensure smooth delivery of their daily duties, and to encourage them to report to their homeland organizations concerning the friendly atmosphere between them and us.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1144

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Mimeographed Report: "Activities of Rightist Organizations Concerning and Influencing Political Changes in Early 1937," compiled by the Home Ministry.

Date: Apr 1937 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Home Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: (see Summary)

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy; Manchurian Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This document gives a picture of the events leading to the resignation of the HIROTA cabinet (2/1/37) and the establishment of the HAYASHI cabinet, the key position which General UGAKI held in these events and the influences of Rightist Societies on them.

These events were caused by the growing political power of the military clique. This induced the member of the Diet, HAMADA, to his challenge to War Minister TERAUCHI, blaming the army e.g. for such arbitrary steps as the announcement of the Commander of the KWANTUNG Army in regard to the MANCHUKUO Concordia Association. ("In regard to the administration of MANCHUKUO, the government and the Concordia Association are like two sides of the same cloth; this is in agreement with the Japanese spirit.") and stating that the KWANTUNG Army has almost central responsibility in regard to Manchurian politics. (p. 42)

This brought things to a head and two days later, on January 23, the HIROTA cabinet resigned.

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The Army Minister TERAUCHI stated the Army's standpoint that cooperation with the existing political parties would make it impossible to attain the army's objects, such as military discipline, national defense preparation, renovation of the general political administration, etc.

General UGAKI received an Imperial Order to form the new government on Jan 25th. Rightist Organizations, ex-soldiers and the most important office holders in the army, such as TERAUCHI, SUGIYAMA, NISHIO and UWEZU, opposed the formation of an UGAKI cabinet, mainly because of his connections with the political parties and the ZAIBATSU. They tried to persuade him not to accept the appointment and, on the 26th, issued a communique to the effect that the "Big Three" (War Minister, Chief of General Staff, Inspector General of Military Education) were unable to find anyone to take the position of War Minister in an UGAKI cabinet. This brought UGAKI's attempt to form a cabinet to a deadlock and UGAKI resigned.

On the same day, Gen. HAYASHI received the Imperial Order to form a cabinet. The cabinet was formed on February 2. In this cabinet no member of any political party had a portfolio. Thus the hold of the administration by political parties was lost and the militarists had won their aim.

The following pages relate the efforts to create a new political party by officers together with "Continentalist" businessmen with interests in expansion on the continent of Asia, politicians who leaned towards the emergency policy of the general staff, etc. Among them were:

From MINSEITO: NAGAI, Ryutaro; SAKURAUCHI, Yukio; TANOMOGI, Keikichi.

From SEIYUKAI: MAEDA, Yonezo; MATSUNO, Tsuruhei; NAKAJIMA, Chikuhei; TSUKUMO, Kunitoshi.

From SHOWAKAI: YAMAZAKI, Tatsunosuke; MOCHIZUKI, Keisuke.

Peers House: ARIMA, Yoriyasu; KODAMA, Hideo; OGASAWARA, Naoshi.

Financiers: TSUDA, Shingo; AYUKAWA, Yoshisuke; IKEDA, Seihin; YUKI, Toyotaro; GO, Seinosuke; FUJIWARA, Ginjiro.

Others: HAYASHI, Senjuro; GODO, Takuo; TOGAWA, Shinji; SENGOKU, Yotaro; TANABE, Horumichi; YASUO, Kiyotani.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1145

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Letters of protest through Swiss Legation to Japan.

Date: 1943-5 Original () Copy (x) Language: French

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KURITA, Takeo; SETO, Kosaku; WATANABE, Kihai; HOSIMOTO

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

I. The camp at OMORI, and hospital at SHINAGAWA, are situated in the danger zone. Request of 500 to 800 yards clearance on all sides of PW camp and hospital, 19 May 1945.

II. According to newspaper in Calcutta, General Sutton died after months of torture. Reasons thereof, 15 May 1945.

III. 1500 British PWs employed as workers in Pak Lai and Yulam for railway construction and mining. HAINAN Island, 24 April 1945.

IV. Baxter and Cassidy, Australian PWs beheaded at Saigon, summer of 1942. Reasons thereof.

V. 17 Americans killed o/a 20 Dec 1943 by a detachment of Japanese Army near Kapitunanmin, Capiz Province, Panay, PI.

VI. CARROLL CALKINS GRINNELL, ALFRED FRANCIS DUGGLEBY, ERNEST EMIL JOHNSON and CLIFFORD LAWRENCE LARSEN, civilian internees in Santo Tomas, Manila, were murdered o/a 15 Jan 1945, without reasons.

VII. Series of unjustified killings and beatings inflicted upon Indian PWs by Japanese Armed Forces, in SW Pacific.

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Doc. No. 1145 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

VIII. Capture and decapitation, by Japanese Forces, of an American airman on 24 March 1944 in AITAPE area, New Guinea. (Those guilty of this murder are Lt. KURITA, Takeo; Lt. SETO, Kosaku; Lt. WATANABE, Kihei. Attached to 4th Air Construction Unit.)

IX. 750 American PWs formerly held at the Davao penal colony, P.I. subjected to cruel and inhuman treatment and transported under inhuman conditions on Mindanao, P.I., 7 Sept. 1944. (Lt. HOSIMOTO is held responsible for this condition.)

X. Capture of an American at Arayat Pampanga, P.I., who was taken to Angeles and tortured to death, 21 April 1943.

XI. PWs in Formosa ill treated and denied clothes, medicine and proper care.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1145

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1146

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: PoW reports.

Date: Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Notes for the interrogation of PWs found in Burma
27 December 1944. When to make use of rebukes, invectives,
or torture on PWs.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1146

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1148

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "File of Cabinet Decisions, Part 1"

Date: 1940 to Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese
1942

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Home Affairs Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy; Greater
East Asia Bureau; Budget

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This is a file of cabinet decisions made between
7 Dec 1940 to 24 Dec 1942. It includes a draft of an
economic plan for the Southern Region (pp. 32,35), plans for
the establishment of the East Asia Bureau (pp. 26,39,49) and
policies for 1943 Budget.

Analyst: D. I. Wade

Doc. No. 1148

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1149

3 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Progress of the American-Japanese Negotiation"

Date: Apr 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
to Dec 41

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Office

PERSONS IMPLICATED: NOMURA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare--
China Incident; Pearl Harbor

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Details of basic conditions presented in April, 1941, by U. S. to Japan regarding the mediation of peace of the China Incident; Japan's reply of May 11th, and negotiations thereafter.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Suzuki

Doc. No. 1149

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1150

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Series of handwritten telegrams between Foreign Minister and various envoys in London, Washington and Batavia.

Date: 13-18 Feb Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
1941

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; SHIGEMITSU; YOSHIZAWA,
Kenkichi

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression, Dutch
East Indies; Japanese-American negotiations

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. A message from MATSUOKA to NOMURA on 14 February urges the latter impress America with the seriousness and determination of Japan. "Japan is determined to execute the already fixed policy at the risk of a nation's destiny." He warned Japan would not submit if faced by a strong American policy. On the other hand, MATSUOKA states no one in Japan wants war with the U.S., and such a war would be ridiculous. Further, if Japan were to be defeated, it would only mean that Russia and communism would be left to sweep over Asia.

2. MATSUOKA was given direct warning by SHIGEMITSU that Britain was tense and suspicious of Japanese intentions in the Malay area. He recommended:
a. Disposition of CHINA Incident at any cost;
b. Silent and practical action in French INDO-CHINA with a declaration that no aggression on British territory is intended; and
c. That the Japanese public cry "To the south, march," be softened.

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Page 1

3. YOSHIZAWA in Batavia (13 Feb 41), however, predicted Dutch-Japanese negotiations would break down because the Dutch were fully in accord with the U.S., and "Dutch policy is U. S. policy."

He saw the U. S. regarding Japan "with hostility to the end, which it believes over-ambitious for the South Sea Islands."

Jing istically, he ended with the cry: "In other words, the only means to settle the problem in question satisfactorily will be the exercise of real power. It will be fruitless to strive to achieve success by peaceable negotiations without such determination, no matter how loudly Japan shouts for the establishment of Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere under the leadership of Japan." (p. 10)

4 & 5. Messages from envoys in Canada and Chile, the former relaying Canadian apprehension of Japanese aggression, and the latter asserting that the American Charge d'Affaires had told him the Tripartite Pact was "a death blow to American-Japanese friendship," and U. S. policy toward the Japanese would not be bettered so long as the Pact existed.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1151

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "How to Deal with America and England." A discussion between ISHIDA, IMAIZUMI and SHIRATORI, from the magazine MEIHO HYORON.

Date: Apr 44 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No () partially

Has it been photostated? Yes () No ()

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Mr McKinney (Legal Staff)

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SHIRATORI, Toshio

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalistic propaganda.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This contains the discussion between ISHIDA (the editor), IMAIZUMI, Teisuke, and SHIRATORI, Toshio.

SHIRATORI states that the Emperor is a living god and that the present war is the effort to realize his ideals in the world. Japan's victory is the victory of god against devils, that is, Jews. He admires Hitler, advocates the dissolution of the British Empire and the establishment of new Asia-European continent under Japanese and German leadership. He denounces the Jews and says they shall be confined in America until they realize their mistake. He states that Japan is the center of the world.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Steiner

Doc. No. 1151

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1152

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Report of the Investigation Committee of the Privy Council upon conclusion of the treaty between Japan and THAILAND regarding the territory of THAILAND in MALAY and the SHAN States.

Date: 1943 Original Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No

Has it been photostated? Yes () No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: ?

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HARA, SUZUKI, TOJO, IWAMURA, SHIMADA, TERAJIMA, KAYA, KISHI, HATTA, ANDO, AOKI, SHIGEMITSU, OKABE, et al

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy to wage war of aggression--Thai and Malay

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The Committee discussed and unanimously approved the following items:

1. That it is of utmost importance that Japan maintain close collaboration with its allied countries in Europe while strengthening her position in Greater East Asia, in order to achieve victory and the construction of a Greater East Asia.

2. In return for THAILAND's sincerity in engaging with Japan in the common effort toward dislodgment of Britain and America, Japan approves the incorporation of four Malayan Provinces (KELANTAN, TRENGGANU, KEDAH, PERLIS), and two of the SHAN States (KENG TUNG, MONG PAN) by THAILAND.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1152

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1153

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Business Report for 1937" (Foreign Commerce Bureau, Foreign Ministry)

Date: Dec 1937 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare-- China; Economic Monopolies; Reasons for not declaring war on China.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Technical report on Jap foreign trade for 1937.

Part I includes research on acquisition of war material (p. 10); measures against foreign economic pressure (p. 42); possible results in case of severing economic relations with Great Britain, (p. 45); reasons for not declaring war on China, (p. 47); collaboration in the five-year plan for important industries (p. 58); American scrap iron problem (p. 98); and raw materials (p. 128).

Parts II and III include statistics and comments re trade with MANCHUKUO (p. 235), Germany (p. 389), Italy (p.459).

Part III (See II) Deals with America and concerns Japanese trade policy towards the U.S.A. (p. 537).

Part IV Describes Japanese commercial negotiations with the Netherlands East Indies.

Part V Appendix, explains construction of Bureau of Trade (p. 852).

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1153

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1154*

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Correspondence, American Consul, Geneva, and Chief of Drug Control Service of Secretariat, League of Nations

Date: 18 Feb 46 Original () Copy (x) Language: English

Has it been translated? Yes () No ()

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: W.D., Civil Affairs Div., Washington, D.C.

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violations of Narcotics Conventions

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains Narcotic Reports and Tables in connection with Japan.

Table of minimum and maximum penalties for: Canada, China, Colombia, Egypt, France, Germany, Siam, United Kingdom and Japan. (Comparative study.)

Analyst: Capt. Phelps

Doc. No. 1154

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1155

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reference documents concerning Japan's policy towards China. (No. 2) "Top Secret" for MORISHIMA, Consul-Gen. at Shanghai.

Date: Sep '33 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese to May '34

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HIROTA, Koki (as Foreign Minister)

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Economic expansion in China

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Includes Jap policy of economic expansion in North China, pertaining to control of SHANTUNG and SHANSI coal mines (1 Sept 1933), the TSANG HSI railroad, and the SHANTUNG railroad. Methods involved are in detail, but the most significant point involved is that the Japanese Government planned to accept nothing but gold when the Chinese Government would attempt to repay debts, and as the Chinese Government did not possess that much gold, the ownership rights of the various mines, railroads, etc. would pass into the hands of the Japanese Government.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Goldstein

Doc. No. 1155

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1156

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Treaty on the Basic Relationship between Japan and China, 1940"

Date: 1940 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: China Incident; aggressive warfare--economic exploitation of China; Greater East Asia Co-prosperity League.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

I

A. Tentative plan treaty re adjustment Sino-Japanese relations (mineral exploitation; recognition MANCHUKUO by China).

B. Subordinate Economic Pact Plan.

C. Subordinate Military Pact Plan.

D. Subordinate Plan for Japanese Government Employees in Important Posts in China.

E. Basic Problems re Conclusion Treaty (treatment for MANCHUKUO; recognition new Chinese Government).

F. Basic Principles and Purposes (national and economic defense; recognition MANCHUKUO by China).

G. Secret Understanding Items (adjustment relationship, new Central Government and existing government; overseas Chinese Commercial Bank; Economic relationships; Sino-Japanes cooperation in transportation--airlines, railways, marine transportation and communications; engagement Japanese advisers--the military)

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II

- A. Government statements re China Incident (1-16 and 11-3-38).
- B. Premier KONOYE's speech 12-22-38 re China Incident.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1157

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten telegram #123, MATSUOKA to OSHIMA (Berlin), re Japanese mediation between French INDO-CHINA and THAILAND.

Date: 17 Feb 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; OSHIMA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation Nine-Power Treaty; aggression--French INDO-CHINA

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Pressure exerted on France during the THAI-INDO-CHINA border negotiations is shown in MATSUOKA's message. First, he urges that Germany be requested to use its "good offices" to persuade Vichy France to accede to Japanese mediation decisions.

He lists several urgent reasons why the mediation must be accepted. They were

a) If mediation fails, prestige of all the axis powers in East Asia will fall;

b) This will lead to intervention by Japan, should the parties again resort to arms, with consequent loss of rubber, rice and other exports;

c) Unless THAILAND is given her demands, she may revert to the British-American camp and all would be lost. THAILAND could have completely crushed the French had not Japan intervened; therefore, she would be embarrassed to receive much less territory in negotiations than she could have seized by force. He disparages French claims and reveals a secret deal: "It is nothing but French

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robbery, and our mediation plan specifies that a few parts of this particular territory be returned to THAILAND in the form of sales, and that CAMBODIA (a site of historic interest and Ankor Vat Cathedral, an exploitation of French INDO-CHINESE culture) be retained by French INDO-CHINA." Change, he says, "is inevitable with the development of military action taken by the two countries." Thus approving action by force of arms.

d) THAILAND had appealed to Germany for help, and Ribbentrop had replied that the affair was to be left in Japanese hands. Therefore, "It is likely that Japan can settle this dispute at her own discretion," and must do its utmost.

The objective of the pressure and how it was to be obtained were treated fully by NATSUOKA:

Apparently, our difficulties to complete the mediation lie on our negotiation with Vichy government. And

a) Success or failure of our mediation will have great influence upon execution of Axis powers' national policy. It is necessary for us to firmly establish our influence over THAILAND in the nearest future at any cost, thus rooting out British and American intreguing scheme.

b) Unless we satisfy THAILAND to some extent now, it is probable that THAILAND may become estranged from us. And, in order to satisfy THAILAND, it will be necessary to add pressure upon France and have our mediation plan approved. The only way to accomplish that objective is the prompt and effective instrumentality of the Berlin government on the Vichy government. Will you, therefore, immediately take necessary measures?

Our Bureau of South Sea Affairs has requested the German councillor at Tokyo for his good offices, after having shown our mediation plan. NATSUOKA, Yosuke.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1158

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Minutes of Privy Council regarding conclusion of the treaty between Japan and Burma concerning incorporation by Burma of certain SHAN States.

Date: 1943 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KARA; SUZUKI; SHIGEMETSU; ARITA; et al

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy of aggression

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Japan had previously recognized the independence of BURMA, and in order to strengthen her collaboration with Japan in the war effort, had decided to recognize the incorporation by BURMA of the SHAN States with the exception of HENG TUNG, MONGPAN, the province of KALEIN, and the WAH districts. This had been communicated to BA MOW, (President of the BURMA Executive Administration Office), during Premier TOJO's tour of the Southern Regions. Now, Burma sought speedy official recognition of this by Japan, and the meeting was in accord with BURMA's request.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1158

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1159

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: State Department Bulletin: Japanese Atrocities: United States Protests and Representations to Japan.

Date: 5 Feb 44 Original () Copy (x) Language: English

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

State Department (Official Government publication in Document Division)

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: State Department

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Recital of protests made by the United States State Department to the Japanese Government through the Swiss Government re PWs. It shows by dates (from Pearl Harbor to January 27, 1944), the Department's efforts "to obtain from Japan fulfilment of its undertakings to treat American nationals in its hands in accordance with humane and civilized principles," (p. 146), and Japan's systematic neglect of these American protests.

Analyst: E. Jackson

Doc. No. 1159

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1160

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Minutes of meeting of Privy Council regarding ratification of cultural agreements between Japan and THAILAND.

Date: 1942 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SHIMADA; HARA; SUZUKI; MINAMI; MATSUI

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Expansion of Co-prosperity Sphere.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The committee reached the following conclusions:

1. Relations between Japan and THAILAND, particularly after signing a pact of alliance, have become more solid.

2. To promote better cultural relationships (and to solidify even further the friendship that now exists) it is deemed wise to initiate a cultural treaty between the two countries.

3. Details of such an agreement have already been presented to and approved by THAILAND.

The above items were unanimously agreed upon.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1160

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1161

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Report of Investigation Committee of Privy Council regarding ratification of a treaty of alliance between Japan and the Philippines (20 Oct 1943)

Date: 1943 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HARA; SUZUKI; TOJO; AOKI; SHIGEMITSU; et al.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The committee reached the following conclusions:

1. The internal situation of the Philippines is such that they are not yet ripe for participation in the war.
2. Therefore, Japan has no intention of asking the Philippines to send troops abroad at this time.
3. Japan intends that any feeling of uneasiness within the Philippine Government disappear, by endeavoring to carry out this policy immediately, giving the Philippines the opportunity to remedy internal difficulties.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1161

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1162

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: PW Reports

Date: 26 Jan 45 Original () Copy (x) Language: French

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL: Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

I. PW Camp No. 1, Qaiwan, is situated in a fortified zone, but the Japanese Government says the fortified zone is very vast and the government does not think it is in a dangerous place.

The camps of Tokyo, Yokohama, Osaka, Saigon and Shan Shui Po, Hongkong are situated near military objects.

The PW camp at MURORAN, HOKKAIDO is situated in the middle of the steel manufacturing district, and the camp at KAWASAKI is situated in the heart of the industrial section.

II. A letter of protest that MISS HOUSTON, JACOB and WILCOX (civilian internees) were forced to work on the streets of Foochow.

Other letters concern the list of prisoners, liquidation of internees' property, exchange of PWs, transfer of letters to PWs, Names and number of PWs killed by air raid, and transfer of monthly allowance to PWs.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1162

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1163

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Mimeographed draft of Imperial rescript, "Declaration of War Against England and the United States."

Date: Undated Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HARA, Kiichiro; SUZUKI, Kantaro; TOJO; MATSUOKA; SHIMADA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation Kellogg-Briand Pact; Hague Convention, 1907

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This undated copy of the Edict shows that war had been decided long before the attack was made. It was found in a file of Privy Council materials, and was most likely used in the Privy Council meeting the morning of December 8th (December 7th Pearl Harbor time). The document is complete except for the spaces for the date which are left blank.

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

Doc. No. 1163

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1164

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: PW Reports

Date: 2 Feb 45 Original () Copy (x) Language: English

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Treatment of PWs

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

American PWs at sub camp No. 2, KAWASAKI, were ill treated. Quarters were unsanitary. Medical supplies were insufficient, and necessary surgical equipment was lacking. Severe and drastic punishments were inflicted upon the prisoners.

Other letters, asking for a list of PWs, tidings of PWs, property of internees and exchange of PWs.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1164

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1165

4 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Minutes of Privy Council at conclusion of protocol between Japan and France for common defense of French Indo-China and for exchange of official documents regarding military cooperation.

Date: 1941 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HARA; SUZUKI; KONOE; TANABE; TOJO; HASHIDA; SAITO; OSHIMA; OIYAWA; SHIMIZU, MINAMI; and many others.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for aggressive war.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Report reveals that Japan possessed a feeling of anxiety over evidences of anti-Jap and anti-De Gaulist sentiment (especially apparent in the southern region of French Indo-China). To counteract this and to obtain closer collaboration with France, negotiations between the two countries resulted in the creation of a protocol.

The details of the protocol and of the exchange of documents between the two countries was explained to the meeting by reporter SUZUKI. France agreed to:

1. Dispatch of a necessary number of Japanese troops, warships, and planes to south French Indo-China.

2. Use by the Japanese of seven places for air bases.

3. Use by Japan of SAIGON and CAMRANG BAY as naval bases and for construction of military installations there.

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4. Right of camping, exercising, training of the Japanese army together with freedom of action to give special facility in the execution of its mission.

5. Offer to the Japanese Army about 4,500,000 French Piastres monthly for which Japan will give yen, American dollars or gold.

The above was unanimously approved by the meeting.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1166

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Collection of reports on various problems concerning China and Manchuria in recent years.

Date: Dec 1935 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; Shanghai Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Compiled for the 68th session of the Imperial Diet.
Content as follows:

- I. Problems under negotiation
 - A. Damage inflicted to the General Consulate in CHENGTSU by Chinese soldiers.
 - B. Damage of Japanese merchant shops in YUNNAN-FU by Chinese mobs.
 - C. Inquiry and death of Japanese and Korean residents by the Chinese in MANCHURIAN MANSION.
 - D. Violent deed of American crew in CHIFU.
 - E. Attacking of the PAKNI line by bandits.
- II. Protection and control of Japanese residents.
 - A. Unsettled damages asked by Japan.
 - B. Protection of Japanese women married to Chinese.
 - C. Third anniversary of the Shanghai Incident.
 - D. May anniversary in Manchuria and China.
 - E. Fourth anniversary of the Manchurian Incident.
- III. Police matters.
 - A. Expansion of the police force.
 - B. Additional post of the police zone.
 - C. Activities of the Consul police.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1166

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1167

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Foreign Countries' attitude concerning Manchurian Incident

Date: Oct 1931 Original Copy Language: Japanese
English, Portugese
French, Italian
Spanish and others

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for war of aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains letters and notices to Japan from various foreign countries relating that Japan had disregarded Article 2 of the Anti-War Pact of 1928 by her aggressive action in Manchuria.

This volume also includes replies from the Japanese government to the objecting countries and reports from Japanese diplomats abroad concerning the foreign countries' attitude of disapproval.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1167

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1168

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Minutes of Privy Council regarding conclusion of an alliance pact with BURMA and the establishment of an Imperial Ambassadorship in BURMA.

Date: 1943 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUZUKI; SHIMADA; HATTA; SHIGEMITSU; SHIMIZU; MINAMI; MATSUI; OSHIMA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for war of aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

At this meeting, it was resolved that since BURMA had decided to proclaim its independence on 1 Aug. and to declare war upon Britain and the U. S., Japan would take this opportunity to recognize BURMA's independence and conclude an alliance pact with her. Under the terms of the pact:

1. The contracting parties would work together militarily, politically, and economically toward achieving a Greater East Asia.

2. The contracting parties would cooperate closely toward an assertive development of the spirit of common prosperity among the countries of Greater East Asia and toward sound construction of such an organization.

It was further resolved an ambassador would be sent to BURMA to establish normal diplomatic relations, and "to leave nothing to be desired in Japan's Burma policy."

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1168

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1169

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Peace Treaty between Thailand and France.

Date: 9 May 41 Original Copy Language: French, Thai, Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare (Thailand)

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Peace Treaty between France and Thailand.

Chief of French State and King of Thailand have accepted the mediation of Japanese Government to settle the armed conflict which has arisen concerning the frontier. They have decided to readjust the frontier in order to establish tranquility there.

Plenipotentiaries of France:

M. Charles Arsene-Henry, Ambassador to Japan.

M. Rene Robin, Governor General of the colonies

Thailand:

Prince Varnvaedyakara

Rhya Sri Sena, Minister of Thailand in Japan

Col. Phra Silpa Sastrakom

Nai Vanich Panananda

Article 1. Friendly relations reestablished on basis of the Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation of 7 Dec 1937. Direct diplomatic negotiations to be initiated as soon as possible in Bangkok to settle outstanding questions.

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Article 2. New frontier: from north along MEKONG River to junction of frontiers of French Indo-China, Thailand and Burma, as far as 15 degree latitude, then west along 15 degree latitude, then south along the line of longitude at which the present boundary of the provinces of Siemreap and Battambang touches the Great Lake (Mouth of Stung Kombst). The Committee (see Article 4) may deviate slightly from this in order to bring the boundary into conformity with natural features.

On the Great Lake, the frontier will be formed by the arc of a circle of 20 kilometers radius, joining the point where the present boundary of provinces Siemreap and Battambang touches the Great Lake, and where the present boundary of Battambang and Pursat touches the Great Lake (mouth of Stung Dontri).

Navigation and fishing to be free to both parties on the Great Lake. They shall set up a joint commission to settle police, navigation and fishing regulations in common.

From mouth of Stung Dontri the new frontier will follow the present boundary of Battambang and Pursat Provinces as far as present boundary of Indo-China and Thailand, which it then will follow to the sea.

Article 3. See Protocol 1 for evacuation regulations.

Article 4. See Protocol 2 for composition of committee of delimitation.

Article 5. Thailand annexes the territories under the following conditions:

1. They are to be demilitarized, except for the bank of the MEKONG, formerly part of French LAOS.

2. French subjects to receive equal treatment with THAI nationals. Rights acquired up to 11 March 1941 to be respected in all ceded territories.

3. Royal Family of Luang Prakang shall have right to visit the Royal Tombs, which are to be respected.

Article 6. In demilitarized zone THAILAND may maintain police, and unarmed military aircraft, and may use the zone for purpose of passage of troops.

Article 7. Demilitarized zone along MEKONG frontier to be suppressed.

Article 8. Inhabitants of ceded zones to acquire THAI nationality, if they want it. Otherwise they must move out to French territory.

Article 9. THAILAND to pay FRANCE 6,000,000 Indo-Chinese piastres, as a settlement of all financial claims, in six yearly installments.

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Article 10. Any dispute arising out of this treaty must be settled diplomatically, and, in case of deadlock, Japanese government to mediate.

Article 12. Treaty to be ratified at Tokyo within two months of signing.

Signed at Tokyo, 9 May 1941.

Protocol 1. Thailand to be informed of amount and condition of public property in ceded territory within 20 days of ratification. Said property will be handed over to delegates, a list of whom is to be furnished to the French. Archives also to be transferred. French troops to begin evacuation 20 days after ratification.

Protocol 2. Boundary to be defined by a commission of five delegates and five vice-delegates plus secretaries, etc., from each of the countries, France, Thailand and Japan.

Refer to Doc #907.

Analyst: Capt. Edon

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1170

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Proceedings of Investigation Committee of Privy Council regarding conclusion of a treaty between Japan and THAILAND which granted THAILAND territory from the SHAN States.

Date: 1943 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUZUKI; TOJO; HORI; SHIGEMITSU; SHIMIZU; MINAMI; TOGO; HAYASHI; et al.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression; conspiracy --Thailand.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

SUZUKI, Chairman, opened the meeting, following which TOJO and SHIGEMITSU explained the details upon which the treaty was concluded, and its contents. (The file does not relate either these details or the contents.) An open discussion then followed, and the following conclusions were reached:

1. BURMA would evidence no discontent because of the incorporation by THAILAND of SHAN State provinces.

2. Transfer of this territory would not be contrary to International Law.

a. TOGO expressed his belief that this territory, being Japanese, its disposal is completely legal.

b. TOJO stated Japan will respect International Law as far as its enemy does, and that Japan will interpret International Law in the light of achievement of victory.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1170

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1171

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Proceedings of Committee Meeting of Privy Council to investigate establishment of an Embassy in the Philippines (6 Oct 43)

Date: 1943 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUZUKI; TOJO; MINAMI; USHIO; FUTAKAMI; SHIGEMITSU; OBATA, and others

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare; conspiracy--Philippines; Puppet governments

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

It was revealed that independence of the Philippines would be scheduled for 14 October, at which time the Japanese Plenipotentiary would enter into negotiations concerning an Alliance Pact. Upon signing this pact, the independence would be announced and the Japanese Plenipotentiary would establish his station in the Philippines.

During the meeting, SHIMIZU asked about the administrative state of the Philippines, and whether its Constitution was satisfactory to Japan.

TOJO replied the administrative status was the worst of all the South Sea areas but that gradual improvement was being witnessed. He also replied that while there were points in the Philippine Constitution that were somewhat unsatisfactory, it was best to use the old constitution with some revisions. TOJO further explained there was a police force of 40,000 assisting in maintenance of peace in the Philippines and that a military force would be established there in the future.

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SHIGEMITSU stated at this meeting that Japan's objective was to concentrate all nations in Greater East Asia toward bringing the war to a successful conclusion and in discouraging enemy fighting spirit. He said that China, everywhere, was becoming filled with a peace seeking atmosphere, and in America there were growing signs of skepticism over the objective of the war.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1172

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Miscellaneous matters concerning regulation of the Japanese police system in Manchukuo

Date: Jan 44 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Puppet Government--
Manchuria

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains:

- (1) Matters regulating business of the police system in Manchukuo.
- (2) Matters for governing personnel administration of the police department.
- (3) Problems of transferring policemen to jurisdiction of the Manchukuo authorities.
- (4) Matters concerning telegraph installation for police stations.
- (5) Problems regarding the personnel of the police department. (Also the abolition of extra-territorial jurisdictional rights.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1172

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1173

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (FOOCHOW)

Date: 1932-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports on anti-Jap acts and boycott in vicinity of FOOCHOW, CHINA. Reports, including some anti-Jap propaganda publications, were sent to the Foreign Ministry from the Consul-General at FOOCHOW, from commandant of MAKOW Fortress, from Formosan police authorities, and from Chief of Staff of the Formosan Army--included are reports on the Chinese anti-Jap boycott caused by the Manchuria Incident.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1173

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1174

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (SOUTH CHINA) AMOY

Date: 1931-32 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports sent to Foreign Ministry from Jap Consul at AMOY and MAKOW Fortress commander, re the anti-Jap movement, boycott, and disturbances in SOUTH CHINA. Included are several anti-Japanese propaganda pamphlets written by the Chinese.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1174

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1175

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reports on Manchurian Incident--
Public Opinion and Press Comment, System of Enlightenment
of Public Opinion

Date: 1931 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident--
propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains a file of pro-Japanese clippings and pamphlets,
re the Manchurian question, sent to the Foreign Ministry
from Jap consuls and other diplomatic officials in foreign
countries. Clippings are accompanied by pertinent reports
from the consuls concerning efforts to defend JAPAN's
actions and to create a favorable public opinion.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1175

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1176

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reports on the Manchurian Incident--
Public Opinion and Press Comment, System of Enlightenment
of Public Opinion

Date: 1932 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident;
propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports and transcripts of telegrams sent
to Foreign Ministry from Jap diplomats in US, CHINA, and
other countries. Material describes actions taken to
counteract public opinion, especially in America, which at
that time was rapidly becoming anti-Japanese.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1176

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1177

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (General)

Date: 1932-37 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident--propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

A compilation of reports submitted to Foreign Ministry from Jap diplomatic officials in foreign countries. Reports deal with the origin, development, and effect of the anti-Japanese movement in CHINA and elsewhere. Press clippings on the subject are included.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1177

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1178

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (CENTRAL CHINA)

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian and Shanghai Incidents--propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports sent to Foreign Ministry from Japanese Consul at NANKING, and reports to Vice-Minister of War and the Vice-Chief of Staff from military attaches in NANKING and Shanghai. Included is an account of the negotiation with HU CHENG LUN, the Chief of the NANKING Guard. Material is concerned with anti-Japanese sentiment and boycott in CHINA, as a result of the Manchurian and Shanghai Incidents.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1178

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1179

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (CANTON)

Date: 1932-35 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian and Shanghai Incidents--propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports to Home Ministry and Foreign Ministry by Jap officials in CANTON and HONGKONG, and by commander of the NARROW Fortress, re anti-Japanese movement, including effect upon both Chinese and Japanese merchants. (Also included are anti-Japanese propaganda published by the Chinese.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1179

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1180

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Public Opinion and Press Comment, System of Enlightenment of Public Opinion

Date: 1933-35 Original Copy Language:

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident--propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports sent to the Foreign Ministry from Japanese officials abroad, re reaction of public opinion to JAPAN's actions in MANCHURIA. Included are press clippings particularly concerned with JAPAN's withdrawal from the League of Nations. These consular reports suggest ways of combatting unfavorable public opinion. (Also included are MATSUOKA's speeches delivered in the United States, at various places.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1180

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1181

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (NORTH CHINA) TIEN-TIN

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident--propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains official correspondence to Foreign Ministry from Japanese Consul-General at TIEN-TSIN and certain Prefectural Governors. Also, reports to General Staff Office from the Japanese Army Chief of Staff at TIEN-TSIN. (This is concerned with the anti-Japanese movement and the boycott by the Chinese.) Also a statement from the Chamber of Commerce and Industry at TIEN-TSIN re the boycott of Japanese merchandise.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1181

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1182

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Public Opinion and Press Comment, The System of Enlightenment of Public Opinion No. 2

Date: 1931-33 Original Copy Language: Jap.

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident, propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains: (1) An exchange of telegrams between the Foreign Ministry and Japanese diplomats in foreign countries; (2) Clippings of MATSUOKA's speeches in FRANCE and GENEVA; and (3) Pamphlets defending JAPAN's actions in MANCHURIA. (These are concerned with the attempts to show JAPAN's actions in MANCHURIA in a favorable light.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1182

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1183

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Research of National Economic Power of American Continent, Including U.S.

Date: May 1940 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification, plus facts in the nature of the "Institution" involved, and the year in which published, are indication of long range aggressive warfare.

This document, by the Japan Manchurian Financial and Economic Research Institute reproduced for "Total War Institute," is in 2 volumes.

Document contains statistical data on the following:

1. Population
2. Mining and industry products
3. Agricultural products
4. Cattle and poultry
5. Transportation and electrical power
6. Comparison of world and American continent products.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1183

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1184

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Basic Material for Planning Trade,
Trade Analysis of Leading Nations

Date: June 1939 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification of this document plus the nature of institution involved and the year in which published are indication of long range aggressive warfare.

Document titled "Basic Material for Planning Trade, Trade Analysis of Leading Nations." Exports and Imports. 2 vol.

Document contains statistical data concerning the following countries:

1. Annual statement of trade of the United Kingdom with foreign countries and British countries.
2. Foreign imports and exports of Malaya.
3. Annual statement of the sea-borne trade of British India with British Empire and Foreign countries.
4. Trade of Canada.
5. Annual statement of the trade and shipping of the Union of South Africa and of the territory of South West Africa.
6. Oversea trade, Australian Statistics of oversea imports and exports, customs and excise revenue.
7. Statistical report on trade and shipping of the Dominion of New Zealand.
8. Table of foreign trade for Indo-China.

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9. Annual statement of the foreign trade and navigation of the Kingdom of Siam.
10. Annual report of the Insular Collector of Customs.
11. Annual statistics of foreign trade.
12. General table of foreign commerce.
13. Monthly report of foreign trade of Germany.
14. Statistics of Italian export.
15. Annual statistics of Swiss foreign trade.
16. Foreign commerce and navigation of U.S.
17. Annual foreign trade of Peru.
18. Foreign commerce.
19. Annual foreign commerce for the republic of Argentine.
20. The Maritime Customs foreign trade of china.
21. Monthly returns of foreign trade.

Foreign trade statistical data are on petroleum products, minerals, metals, hides, rubber, machinery, agricultural products, drugs and medicine, and lumber.

- INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1185

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Record of Privy Council Meeting, unbound.

Date: 29 Mar 44 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki; KOIZUMI, Chikahiko; IWAMURA, Michiyo; SHIMADA, Shigetaro; ANDO, Kisaburo; AOKI, Kazuo; OKABE, Nagakage; MORIYAMA, Eichi.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare; conspiracy.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references): Record of Privy Council meeting re Japan's troubles with Russia in Saghalien since Anti-Comintern Pact of 1941. Propose now to conclude a neutrality treaty in which Russia is to take over Northern Saghalien for a consideration. Upon completion of drafts of proposed treaties Prime Minister TOJO expressed his gratitude, and asserted, "last object of anything in operation or in diplomacy is to win this war by all means."

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Ohberg

Doc. No. 1185

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1186

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Greater Asia," Greater Asia Establishment Society.

Date: Oct '40 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KAWAI, Suteogo; HASHITA, Kumihiko; YAMAZO, Tsunego

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for war of aggression; ultra-nationalism

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

I. An essay on the inevitability of war from his theory of energy by KAWAI (cf p.2-p.7).

II. Discourse by HASHITA, the substance of education, emphasizing the necessity for establishing originality in educational system. (cf p.11-p.20)

III. An essay by YAMAZOE on the absolute superiority of "KIKI" as compared with the Bible in which he declares Japan's destiny is to lead the Axis against the Allies. (cf p.21-p.35)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1186

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1187

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Record of the Meeting of the Privy Council Investigation Committee re: Agreement concerning passage of Japanese troops through THAILAND

Date: 20 Dec 41 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki; TOGO, Shigenori

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation of 9-Power Treaty; aggression--THAILAND

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

TOGO reported first on the progress of the negotiations with THAILAND. The text of this report is attached to the records and may be summarized as follows:

He refers to the stationing of troops in both the northern and southern parts of French Indo-China. (Due to the MATSUOKA-HENRI-Agreement and the agreement for the common defense of French Indo-China.) He stresses the necessity of keeping SIAM on Japan's side, when the Jap-American negotiations failed. Therefore, Jap Ambassador to THAILAND, TSUBOGAMI, had been previously instructed to request passage through THAILAND in an 18-hour ultimatum prior to the delivery of Japan's final note to U.S. on 8 Dec 1941, 3:00 a.m. However, due to the absence of the THAI Premier, the ultimatum could not be presented until 9:30 a.m. on 8 Dec 1941, after military action had already been started by Japan. The Premier, PHIBUN, gave in to the request, and an agreement permitting Japanese troops to pass through THAILAND was signed.

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Doc. No. 1187 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

Japan wished also an offensive and defensive alliance with THAILAND. However, THAILAND was under the impression that they had been forced to make the accord with Japan and was fearful of the outcome of the war. Since Japan had obtained her object for the present, she felt that she could be satisfied.

The Agreements are then explained in detail.

The record itself contains the inquiries by committee members and the replies thereto.

A rough translation for reference purposes is attached to the document.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Steiner

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1188

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (SOUTH CHINA)

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports to Foreign Ministry from Jap consuls at SWATOW, YUNNAN, and HONGKONG, and from the MAKOW Fortress Commander, re anti-Jap acts and boycotts in CHINA. Included are copies of anti-Jap propaganda published by the Chinese.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1188

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1189

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (NORTH CHINA) No. 3

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports sent to Foreign Ministry from Jap consuls at TSINGTAO, CHANGCHIAKOW, FANGTZE, SHANHSI, and CHANGTIEN, re anti-Jap movement in these parts of China. Included are anti-Jap propaganda publications.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1189

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1190

5 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (SOUTH CHINA) FOOCHOW

Date: 1931-32 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression; Manchurian Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Consists of reports to Foreign Ministry from TANURA, Consul General at FOOCHOW, re anti-Jap movement. Includes the Jap Consul General's diary for period 1 July 1931 - 30 June 1932 describing outline of the anti-Jap movement and Jap counter-diplomacy in this regard. The diary mentions (p.33) that the Japanese warship KIYAKAMI was anchored in FOOCHOW harbor and marines were landed in order to strengthen the Japanese protest against the boycott.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1190

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1191

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (AMOY)

Date: 1932-33 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports submitted to Foreign Ministry from Japanese Consul at AMOY re activities of anti-Jap patriotic associations in AMOY. It includes some anti-Japanese propaganda.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1191

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1192

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: File, "Hospital Ships of the Pacific War"

Date: 1942-45 Original Copy () Language: Japanese
English & French

Has it been translated? Yes () No
Has it been photostated? Yes () No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Geneva Convention (1907)

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains the U. S. agreement to follow regulations set by the Geneva Convention re hospital ships; and notices sent by Japan to enemy countries through Spain, Switzerland, Sweden and Portugal identifying Japanese hospital ships.

Also included are U. S. Statement against Japanese protest of U. S. attack on Japanese hospital ships; Japanese attack on Netherlands hospital ship.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1192

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1193

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Documents concerning Japan's policy toward China.

Date: 1936 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy; economic exploitation of MANCHUKUO

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains:

I. Practical policy toward China. (Decided between the concerned ministries on 11 Aug 1936.)

A. Aim was to make the five provinces of North China a special zone of anti-communism and pro-Japanese, MANCHUKUO, thereby contributing to the possession of the national defense materials and the expansion of traffic installation, partly with the view of preparing for the invasion of Soviet Russia and partly with the view of establishing a foundation of Japan, MANCHUKUO, China collaboration and assistance.

II. Policy toward the Nanking Regime.

A. Purpose: To promote anti-Soviet and pro-Japanese attitude in the Nanking Regime.

B. Concrete plans are as follows:

1. Conclusion of anti-communist and military agreement.

2. Conclusion of the Sino-Jap Alliance.

3. Promotion of settlement of pending questions between Japan and China.

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4. Promotion of economic collaboration between Japan and China.

C. Policy toward other local regimes (omitted).

D. Policy toward establishment of pro-Jap attitude thereby preparing for Soviet Russia.

III. Second general plan of the North China transaction: Aim was to assist the accomplishment of self-government which was to be set up independently by the people in North China and make them establish a firm anti-communistic and pro-Japanese-MANCHURIAN zone.

IV. The general plan of developing important national defense industries in North China.

V. Draft of agreement between Japan and China concerning institution of the Five Provinces Special Administrative Organization.

A. Article I--To transact general administration in HOPEI, SHANSI, HONAN, SUIYUAN, and SHANTUNG.

B. Article II--Protection against communistic activities.

C. Article III--Special policy concerning money and finance.

D. Article IV--Communicates and cooperates in various policies which are essential for Japan.

VI. Tentative plan of economic collaboration between Japan and Great Britain in China. (Unfinished manuscript.)

IX. Affairs concerning transmission of "Principle of the Imperial Foreign Policy" and "Practical Plan towards China" to the officials in North China

From the principle of Imperial Foreign Policy has been extracted: "It is necessary for our country to realize urgently to make Northern China a special area, moreover make entire China anti-Soviet and pro-Japanese in view of the tense relations with Soviet Russia. Only in the competition of armaments, the Japanese army cannot surpass Soviet Russia. Accordingly, it is urgent to accomplish the improvement of international relations and other various conditions in order to keep in pace with the expansion of armaments within the next five years."

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1194

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Japanese Politics by HANAMI, Tatsuji

Date: 25 Mar 43 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Board of Information

PERSONS IMPLICATED: Most of the prominent men connected with Japanese affairs from 1932 to the outbreak of the Pacific war--including such men as Ribbentrop, Starman and others.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy to aggressive war.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This is an historical and theoretical observation of the Pacific war, including all the important events which took place from 1932 to the outbreak of the Pacific war. The book stresses the point that this war is waged to bring mankind to its rightful place in the world. In the future, Imperialism, not Democracy, will be the guiding star for Japan's polity.

Chpt. III deals with internal problems and their relation to national defense. Chpt. IV states that the League of Nation's peace was by no means a real peace. Chpt. V describes opposition to and the fall of various military cabinets. Chpt. IV shows how despite wide-spread anti-military movements, the army made an active move towards war. Chpt. VI tells how Japan at first wished to keep the war in North China, but due to anti-Japanese movements was forced to spread it throughout China. Chpts. VIII and IX include Japan and the European war--the making of the Tripartite Alliance, the TOJO Cabinet and the World War. Chapt. XI: Before May 15, the wishes of the people were stamped down by the majority party, due to the parliamentarism

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in the national polity. Part II, Chpt. IV--whether it be war, politics, etc., the Imperial Army has and always will be the champion of Japan. Chpt. VI gives the definition of the Japanese idea of war and peace--not a war of conquest but one of emancipation. Chpt VII states, "We will gain certain victory." Statistics aren't the true picture of things. Certain Japanese capitalists are riding the band wagon due to our sudden victory. Chpt. VIII, IX--Germany and Japan are fighting for the same thing "A New Order"; they are linked, moreover, by this common cause as well as by a mutual admiration for one another.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1195

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Miscellaneous telegrams and letters

Date: See below Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Nissan Bldg, Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA, Yosuke; SHIGEMITSU; KURUSU;
ARITA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Negotiations pre-Pearl Harbor

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

ITEM I (5-K) 24 Feb 1941

Copy of telegram from SHIGEMITSU to MATSUOKA from London expressing Britain's opinion concerning the war. English translation by Foreign Ministry (?). No Japanese copy.

ITEM II (5-L) 11 April 1941

Telegram from SHIGEMITSU to MATSUOKA stating he has a letter for him from Prime Minister Churchill. (Copy of Mr. Churchill's letter cannot be found.) Handwritten letter of Mr. MATSUOKA in answer to Mr. Churchill's letter in English.

Letter from Ambassador KURUSU to Foreign Minister ARITA 24 Feb 1940:

1. Experts of diplomacy in Europe believe that U. S. will continue her policy of oppressing Japan.
2. U. S. will impede development of Japan and interfere between Japan and China.

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Doc. No. 1195 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

3. U. S. is apprehensive of the approach of Japan with Russia but it is strange she does not care about the approach of China with Russia.

4. Result of the European war will not be favorable to Japan.

5. To improve our international situation, we must take a firm attitude as though we were ready to wage war at any time when necessary, or despatch some great personnel to Soviet, Germany, Italy, England and U. S. to change the feeling of the respective countries.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

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Page 2

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1196

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT. Unbound book, Privy Council meeting re agreement between Japan and Portugal on airline between Parao (Palau) and Dilly, and decision to discontinue Jap embassy in Poland.

Date: 1 Oct 41 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki; HASHIDA, Kunihiko; MURATA, Shozo; INO, Hiroya; KOIZUMI, Chikahiko; IWAMURA, Michiyo.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for aggressive warfare--Timor; Economic monopolies.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Record of Privy Council deliberations re air routes between Dilly, Portuguese Timor and Parao /Palau/. Purpose of meeting, as explained by Chief Sec. HORIE at request of Chairman HARA was to consider a Jap proposal to Portugal, first made in April 1940. Proposal consisted of 2 parts: "(1) To extend our /Jap/ /air/ routes in the South Seas and to open a new route between Palau and Dilly using Japanese planes. (2) To establish air routes within the islands of Timor and.....establish a.....Japan-Portugal /aviation/ joint concern and let this company operate its business."

Portugal agreed to proposal No. 1 but rejected No. 2. In July 1940 Japan renewed proposals; Portugal postponed definite reply. To another proposal Portugal agreed. Japan made trial flights during Oct. and Dec. 1940. "February of this year (1941) we /Japan/ received a proposal from Portugal, but as there was something disagreeable to us, we continued negotiations on one hand and on the other hand we repeated trial /trips/."

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Article 1 of the agreement stipulated that Japan participate in management of air transportation business between Dilly and Palau or "any other place nearby which may be selected by the Japanese government."

Articles 2,3,4 deal with technical details of supply and maintenance of aviation installations.

Article 5 states that the government of each country has power to cancel permit of aviation company and substitute another company.

Articles 6,7,8,9 and 10 deal with agreements tending to show Japan's interest in penetrating further southwest by air, by passing Philippines and approaching Singapore. "In short, the purpose of this agreement is to open a new route of aviation between Japan and Timor Island. It must be said that the conclusion of this agreement /will/ probably be a very good opportunity because Timor Island /is/ now important /relative to/ Japan, especially militarily, economically and politically."

Agreement was unanimously passed.

Second session is unanimous decision to abolish Jap legation in Poland.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1197

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Unbound Privy Council Record,
Report on Establishment of Imperial Embassy in Philippines.

Date: 6 Oct 43 Original Copy Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki; IWAMURA, Michiyo; TERASHIM
Ken; KAYA, Okinori; HATTA, Yoshiaki; ANDO Kisaburo; AOKI,
Kazuo; SHIGEMITSU, Mamoru; OKABE, Nagakage; MINAMI, Jiro;
MORIYAMA, Eiichi; MIZUNO, Rentaro; et infra.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Puppet government--
Philippine Islands.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

American policy of granting P.I. independence was
to be copied by Japan. ".....Thus the Japanese government,
taking advantage of the opportunity of the declaration of
independence by P.I., will recognize her independence,
establish the regular diplomatic relation, station the
ambassador there in view of the specially important position
of P.I. in the Greater East Asia, and leave nothing to be
desired in our P.I. policy." (p. 15)

".....we will establish there our official organiza-
tion which shall deal with diplomatic affairs between us
and P.I.; we think that the measures are proper for the
present situation."

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Ohberg

Doc. No. 1197

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1198

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Material concerning Marine Transportation.

Date: 26 June 42 Original () Copy (x) Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare; economic monopolies.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification of this document plus nature of institution involved, and the year in which published, are indications of long range aggressive warfare. Published for the "Total War Institute." Document contains statistical data on the following:

1. Brief description of harbours in the South Pacific; Manila, Iloila, Cebu, Zamba-Anga, and Davao;
2. Tonnage of ships of various countries of the world as of 1941;
3. Number of ships lost 'til July, 1941;
4. Number of ships and tonnage owned by members of "The National Society of Mercantile Transportation Association of Japan";
5. Distribution plan for 1944 of various materials obtainable from the South Pacific; and
6. South Sea mineral resources, except petroleum, sites and names of industrial firms to handle them.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1198

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1199

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Re Correction of Errors and Mistakes
Made in the Last Statement Concerning the Manchurian Question.

Date: 9 Feb 46 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: AIKAWA, Yoshisuke, at Sugamo

PERSONS IMPLICATED: Gen. ISHIWARA, Kanji; Gen. ITAGAKI and
AIKAWA, Yoshisuke

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Deals with correction of several statements AIKAWA had made in a previous interview. Discusses the sentiment of the people at time of the Manchurian Incident, radical young officers desiring to establish a Utopia in Manchuria, and views held by Gen. ISHIWARA. He denies rumors to the effect that he was one of the plotters attempting to establish Manchuria as an independent country. (cf: File No. 214)

Analyst: H. Fukunaga

Doc. No. 1199

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1200

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident, Attitude of Each Country (China)

Date: 1933 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUMA, Yakichiro

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression--China

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

One of a series showing world wide attitude towards the Manchurian Incident. Reports on public opinion were sent from Jap foreign representatives to the Foreign Minister. The following have been extracted in summary.

No. 344--(4 July) From YOSHIDA, Acting Consul General at KWANTUNG to Foreign Minister OCHIDA.

Naval officer NAKAHARA who had an interview with CHEN CHIUNG-MING at HONGKONG reports cooperation between China and Japan is very necessary, but is bound to be difficult owing to strong anti-MANCHUKUO feeling in the student class. It is desirable to solve this problem favorably to the Japan

No. 397--(7 July) Minister ARIYOSHI, at SHANGHAI, to UCHIDA.

PADOW/ an advisor to the National Government/ met SUMA and reported as follows: CHANG HSUE-LIANG will not return with SUNG; Japan must recognize that Chinese anti-Jap feeling has been increasing after conclusion of the North China armistice Pact; Chinese believe the Pact was concluded because of Japanese coercion; SUNG intends to get economic aid from the League of Nations in order to boycott Japan;

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time is ripe for Japan to attempt to stop anti-Jap movements, or Sino-Jap relations will not be calm for very long, (PADOW added the preceding condition, that in order to stop the anti-Jap movement, it might be wise to pay a consideration in regards to the sovereignty of MANCHUKUO or to frankly give China the 6 condition proposition.)

No. 406--(July 11) ARIYOSHI to UCHIDA

On 10 July the Mayor of SHANGHAI, WU TIEH-CHENG, told SUMA that it would be impossible to change the new customs tariff, because it was not aimed at Japan alone; the government has decided not to permit CHANG HSUEH-LIANG to return for some time; the North East troops will be put under the command of HUANG-FU and HO YING-CHIN, shutting out FENG YU-HSIANG gradually from the North China political circle. (SUMA protested that the new tariffs were aimed primarily at Japan and without its modification the contemporary peaceful prospects in China would fail. WU replied that settlement of the Sino-Jap dispute could not be expected unless Japan gave some consideration to the Manchurian problem. SUMA said that what WU suggested was impossible for Japan and was different from what WU had previously started. SUMA received the impression that WU also had not much confidence in the settlement of the Manchurian problem.

No. 422--(July 22) ARIYUSHI (SHANGHAI) to OCHIDA

Concerning OCHIDA's telegrams Nos. 189 and 190 to the Ambassador in London. A committee will be established only to aid CHIN economically; SUNG is not always anti-Jap (but is a practical statesman to some extent), and should not be called an anti-Jap leader; he should cooperate with CHIANG, WANG and HUANG; to mitigate Jap policy towards China is not only necessary concerning SUNG, but to leave room for Japan to arrange for situation in regards to Britain and USA.

No. 319--(July 26) NAKAYAMA (PEIPING) to Minister UCHIDA

NAKAYAMA visited HUANG FU and requested him to persuade CHIANG and WANG to accept the following: So long as China challenges Japan economically by means of a customs barrier, Japan will be forced to make an economic blockade around Manchuria and Japan, etc.

No. 12476--(2 Aug) SUZUKI (Governor of NAGASAKI Prefecture) to Home Minister YAMAMOTO and Foreign Minister UCHIDA.

Mr. WANGENHEIM, a German military advisor to the NANKING Government, while making a sightseeing tour to UNZEN, reports

as follows: (1) Japanese policy in NANKING not as bad as reported; (2) NANKING Government has no intention to forcibly oppose Japan, and SUNG's new ban will be used for anything but military preparations; (4) NANKING Government is attempting to compromise with the southwest faction, but real cooperation is impossible; (5) Chinese officials are more interested in their private affairs than in governmental duties.

No. 447--(Aug. 3) ARIYOSHI (SHANGHAI) to UCHIDA

Minister WANG told HORIUUCHI about subjects discussed at the LUSHAN conference. HORIOUCHI told WANG not to ignore the Japanese situation.

No. --(Aug. ?) UCHIDA to ISHII, through NAGAOKA, Ambassador to France.

(1) Settlement of the Sino-Japanese problem cannot be made as long as China has the idea she can get outside help for her anti-Jap policy. The Chinese have had their morale raised by the USA's ten million dollar loan, technical help by the League and the proposal of an inquiry committee by SUNG, even if there is no such intention of aiding China on the part of foreign countries.

(2) In order to stabilize China, she must be awakened from her evil dream by cooperation.

(3) Japan will attempt to block any outside aid to China.

No. 87--(Aug. 18) SATO (SHANGHAI official) to Naval Vice Minister.

Japan should not always reject SUNG.

No. 492--(Aug. 31) ARIYOSHI to UCHIDA

SUNG told newspapermen that he had no intention of requesting an interview with HUANG. Stated that the country which would start World War II would be a militaristic nation, suggesting Japan.

No. 494--(Sept. 2) ARIYOSHI to UCHIDA

SUNG's opinion is that neither a more anti-Jap nor pro-Jap policy was necessary. CHANG KUNG-CHUAN insisted on compromising with the Japanese to ease the strained relations. Japan would have to give up her attitude "Come and beg pardon, as you were beaten."

No. 519--(Sept. 13) ARIYOSHI to UCHIDA

SUMA and SUN KO held an interview on 12 October. SUN KO said that since the TANGKU pact, China had been trying to discourage the anti-Jap movement, but the Chinese people still opposed and suspected Japan. If matters went on like that, international suspicion would spread even between USA and Japan. SUMA stated that Japan's army and Navy were to be used as an aid to SUN WEN's Great Asia principle. SUNG stated that if the incident had occurred before Sept. 18, it would have been China's blame, but as it occurred after that time, it was quite the contrary, so he wished Japan would make a compromise. SUMA stated China would have to show good faith by removing certain obstacles such as the tariff regulations.

No. 569--(Sept. 28) ARIYOSHI to UCHIDA

".....When we endeavor to show the Chinese the importance of the Japanese position, we must be careful not to give them the impression that we are going to force on China the Great Asia Principle.....But we must avoid giving the appearance that we reject the aid of foreign countries.....
In practicing these/policies/ we must help pro-Japanese persons in the /Chinese/ government, especially HUANG's power must be promoted in North China....."

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1201

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT:

Title and Nature: "Official Announcements Concerning Foreign Relations"

Date: 1942 Original () Copy (x) Language: English, Japanese, German, French.

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of _____ Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Board of Information

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO; HIRANUMA; ARITA; TOGO.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Japanese Propaganda

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Official statements of Japanese Government concerning foreign relations, as follows:

| CHAPTER | Imperial Rescript | Japanese text For the Japanese text, see P. |
|--|-------------------|---|
| II. Statement of the Imperial Japanese Government Concerning the Opening of Hostilities by the Japanese Forces Against Netherlands East-Indies (Jan. 12) | 2 | 1 |
| VII. Statement of the Japanese Government Concerning the Transfer of the Administrative Functions of the Concessions in China (Feb. 18) | 7 | 3 |
| VIII. Statement of the Government Concerning the Operation of Japanese Forces in Dutch Timor (Feb. 20) | 7 | 3 |
| XII. Statement of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, Concerning Japanese Military Operations in India. | 10 | 9 |
| XIII. Statement of the Chief of Thai Special Mission (Apr. 27) | 11 | -- |

| | | |
|--|----|----|
| XV. Statement of the Spokesman of the Board of Information at the Occasion of the Allied Attack against Madagascar (May 8) | 13 | -- |
| XIX. Statement of the Foreign Office Authorities Concerning the Formal Recognition of the National Government of China by Thai Government (July 7) | 20 | 18 |
| XX. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the Conclusion of the Economic Negotiations between Japan and French Indo-China (July 18) | 21 | 18 |
| XXI. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the Grant of Loan to the National Government of China (July 28) | 22 | 21 |
| XXV. Announcement of the Foreign Office Concerning the Dispatch of Special Envoys to the National Government of China (August 28) | 32 | 29 |
| XXVI. Ministry of Greater East Asiatic Affairs: an Outline of its Essential Purpose, Organization and Functions (Announcement of the Board of Information) (September 1) | 34 | 32 |
| XXX. Announcement of the Foreign Office on the Signing of the Cultural Agreement between Japan and Thailand (Oct. 28) | 49 | 42 |
| XXXI. Statement of the Prime Minister General Hideki TOJO (Nov. 1) | 50 | -- |
| XXXII. Statement of the Minister of Greater East Asiatic Affairs (Nov. 1) | 52 | 45 |
| XXXVIII. Statement of the Spokesman of the Board of Information on the Anniversary of the Conclusion of the Anti-Comintern Pact (Nov. 25) | 67 | 48 |
| XI. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the Exchange of Ratifications of the Japanese-Thai Cultural Agreement (Dec. 21) | 69 | 51 |

SUPPLEMENT I

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| 1. Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, before the 79th Session of the Diet (Jan. 21) | 77 | 68 |
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| 2. Address of the Foreign Minister Shigenori TOGO before the 79th Session of the Diet (Jan. 21) | 82 | 72 |
| 3. Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, before the 79th Session of the Diet on the Occasion of the Fall of Singapore (Feb. 16) | 86 | 76 |
| 4. Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, before the 79th Session of the Diet on the Occasion of the Capitulation of the Netherlands East Indies and the capture of Rangoon (Mar. 12) | 91 | 82 |
| 7. Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, before the 80th Session of the Diet (May 27) | 101 | 99 |
| 8. Address of Mr. Shigenori TOGO, Minister of Foreign Affairs, at the 80th Session of the Diet (May 27) | 111 | 108 |
| 9. Speech of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, at the Meeting for the Concentration of National Total Strength (July 27) | 118 | 131 |
| 10. Telegram from Mr. Shigenori TOGO, Minister of Foreign Affairs, to Mr. Vigit Vatakarn, Minister of Foreign Affairs from Thailand (July 30) | 128 | 140 |
| 13. Congratulatory Message of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, on the Occasion of the Celebration of the Second Anniversary of the Tripartite Pact (Sept. 27) | 131 | 146 |
| 14. Congratulatory Message of the Foreign Minister, Masayuki TANI, on the Occasion of the Celebration of Second Anniversary of the Conclusion of the Tripartite Pact (Sept. 27) | 133 | 148 |
| 15. Abridged Text of the Address of Ambassador KURUSU at the Luncheon given under the Joint Auspices of the Taisei Yokusan Kai and the Yokusan Seiji Kai (Nov. 26) | 137 | 161 |
| 16. Reply of the Foreign Minister Masayuki TANI on the Occasion of the First Anniversary of the Agreement between Japan, Germany and Italy (Dec. 11) | 148 | 191 |
| 17. Speech of the Foreign Minister Masayuki TANI on the Occasion of the First Anniversary of the Agreement between Japan, Germany and Italy (Dec. 11) | 150 | 193 |
| 18. Radio Broadcast of the Foreign Minister Masayuki TANI on the occasion of the First Anniversary of the Agreement between Japan, Germany and Italy (Dec. 11) | 152 | 195 |

SUPPLEMENT II

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| 4. Remarks of the Spokesman of the Board of Information Concerning the Fall of Singapore (Feb. 16) | 160 | -- |
| 11. Statement of the Spokesman of the Board of Information on the Salvation of Australia (Mar. 11) | 171 | -- |
| 21. Comment of the Spokesman of the Board of Information on the Effect of the Greater East Asia War on Chungking and its Internal Situation (June 3) | 187 | 205 |
| 27. Remarks of the Spokesman of the Board of Information on the 5th Anniversary of the China Affair (July 8) | 217 | 221 |

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1202

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Reference Papers for the Committee," a pamphlet of speeches re Tripartite Pact for Privy Council Investigation Committee.

Date: (Meeting Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
26 Sept 1940)

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUZUKI, Kantaro; KONOYE; ARAKI; OIKAWA; MINAMI; TOJO; MATSUOKA; HOSHINO, Naoki (Pres. of Planning Board)

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy for aggression

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This is a pamphlet, apparently prepared and submitted to the Privy Council by the Foreign Ministry. (A copy of same was attached to the Committee Proceeding, our Item 19-A, S.A. 15049).

It opens with KONOYE explaining:

1. Purpose of the Pact -- That being, Japan, friendless, seizing an opportunity "to keep America out of the war."

MATSUOKA was more blunt: "Germany must face the Anglo-Saxons....en bloc, including the USA....and the USSR. On the other hand, the strength of Japan is really magnificenthaving an excellent race under an incomparable state structure. Actually also, Japan has enough power to tip the scales one way or another. This is my personal forecast and opinion." (N.B. Underlining supplied.) (p. 2)

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MATSUOKA states he would cooperate with America and Britain to accomplish his country's mission.

2. Origin of Pact -- However, he says he personally invited the German Ambassador OTT to tea and through this and successive meetings, including conferences with special Envoy Stahmer, the Tripartite Pact was born. (pp. 4-5)

3. Explanation of Nature of Pact -- MATSUOKA involves all present so far as their acceptance of his program is concerned by frankly outlining exactly what it means in terms of future foreign policy.

First, it implements a policy of expansion and exploitation in Asia:

"According to Article 1, Japan is to recognize and esteem the leading position of Germany and Italy in Europe.... As to the scope of 'Greater East Asia' in the second article it includes for the time being French Indo-China, Thai, Burma, the Strait Settlements, the Dutch Indies, the Oceanian Islands, including New Guinea and New Caladonia.... We expect it to be changed as aspects of the world affairs change.... I told him that Australia and New Zealand are not included at present.... I did not touch upon India.... Germany says that she recognizes Japan's rights of political guidance in that area and desires to be given as much facilities in economic trade, enterprise and procurement of resources. I replied Japan expects to have German and Italian cooperation in the economic exploitation of the area." (pp. 43-7 to 43-8)

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1203

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "The Chinese Incident and Imperial Diplomacy" by KAAI, Tatsuo, Chief of Foreign Ministry Information Bureau.

Date: Aug 1938 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KAAI, Tatsuo

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE:

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Chapters in this pamphlet are:

1. True meaning of Japanese diplomacy;
2. Diplomacy of expanding Japan: Gives reasons for Chinese territorial acquisition and use of arms against China, /AN: A detailed summary is attached to this chapter in the document./;
3. Chinese and foreign power diplomatic relations, (20 Sept 1937);
4. The Tripartite Pact and its echoes around the world, 12 Nov 1937. Reasons for the Pact and why Japan was a signatory. /AN: A detailed summary is attached to this chapter in the document./; April 1938
5. The solution of the "Panay Incident," 26 Dec 1937. /AN: A detailed summary is attached to this chapter in the document./;
6. At the time of Germany's recognition of MANCHUKUO, 6 March 1938;

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7. Germany's recognition of MANCHUKUO and the change in the British Foreign Ministry, 25 Feb 1938;
9. Development of the Chinese Incident and European and American situations, (Speech, 25 March 1938);
10. New European and American political aspects and influences on the Chinese Incident, Speech, 27 March 1938;
11. The expansion of fighting areas and international situations, (broadcast 24 June 1938);
12. Diplomacy and propaganda December, 1937. Uses of propaganda, how it should be directed, to whom and by whom. /AN: A detailed summary is attached to this chapter in the document./;
14. How the Foreign Ministry is utilizing photographs for foreign enlightenment. (Written for ASAHI Camera /magazine/, May number, 1938); and
15. International situations and influences on the Chinese Incident, (speech, 13 July 1938).

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1204

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Official announcements concerning foreign relations.

Date: 1941 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese and English

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Board of Information

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; TOJO

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship; conspiracy for war of aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Document contains official announcements of the Board of Information, during 1941, showing events leading up to the outbreak of war with the Allied Powers.

- 1) Statements and record of meetings on the French-Indo China-Thailand border dispute, 1941 (pp. 3-8, 10, 12-23);
- 2) Statement on East Asiatic situation. "We want to repeat that the purpose of the Tripartite Pact is peaceful," (p. 9);
- 3) Announcement and report on visit of Foreign Minister MATSUOKA to Germany for the purpose of cementing the Tripartite Pact;
- 4) Explanation of Peace Treaty between France and Thailand and its Japanese protocols, (pp. 36-39);
- 5) Announcement of meeting of the General Commission under the Tripartite Pact. It was agreed that the Commission composed of Japanese-German and Italian representatives, would work in close cooperation with Berlin and Rome, (p. 40)

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Page 1

- 6) Statement by Director of the Board of Information on discontinuance of Japanese Netherlands East Indies negotiations, June 18, 1941, (p. 46);
- 7) Statement of Foreign Minister MATSUOKA on outbreak of hostilities between Germany and Russia, July 2, 1941 (p.51)
- 8) Announcement of Board of Information on ratification of treaties relating to settlement of border dispute and economic agreement, French Indo-China, (pp. 52, 57-59, 60, 61)
- 9) Statements on recognition of Thailand, (pp.61-3);
- 10) Statements on Anti-Comintern Pact, (pp. 77-80);
- 11) Memorandum to American Government, December 7, 1941, (pp. 81-89);
- 12) Summary of Jap-American negotiations, Dec 7, 1941, (pp. 89-102);
- 13) Announcement of Board of Information re joint prosecution of war against the U.S. and British Empire, on the establishment of the New Order between Germany, Japan and Italy on Dec. 11, 1941, (p. 102);

Supplement

- 1) Address of MATSUOKA, Jan. 21, 1941, at Diet, on the Tripartite Pact, Greater East Asia, China, etc., (p.112);
- 2) Address of TOJO on assuming the Premiership, Oct. 18, 1941, (p. 135);
- 3) Address of TOJO before Diet, Nov. 17, 1941, (p.137), emphasizes his "solicitude for peace";
- 4) TOJO address on receiving the Imperial Rescript, Dec. 8, 1941, (p. 146); and,
- 5) TOJO speech before Diet, Dec. 16, 1941, (p. 150).

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1205

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese
Movement and Boycott (NORTH CHINA) PEKING

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident;
propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains official correspondence between Jap Consulate
at PEKING and Foreign Ministry re evidences of anti-Jap
movement and boycotts in NORTH CHINA. (Anti-Jap propaganda
and press clippings accompany the correspondence. Also, a
report by Jap Police Bureau Director, KWANTUNG province,
Chinese surveillance of anti-Jap patriotic societies.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1205

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1206

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Public Opinion
and Japanese Newspaper Comment

Date: 1931-33 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident;
propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Material sent from Foreign Ministry to diplomatic
establishments of CHINA, FRANCE, and AMERICA consisting of
public opinions and comments presented in leading newspapers
of JAPAN, re Japan's actions in MANCHURIA. (Represents an
attempt to defend JAPAN's actions and place them in a favorabl
light.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1206

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1207

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (CENTRAL CHINA)

Date: 1931-34 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports sent to Foreign Ministry from Jap consuls in CHINA, the Japanese YANGTZE River patrol, and the JAPAN-CHINA Steamship Co. Ltd. Reports deal with the anti-Jap movement and events growing out of same in CENTRAL CHINA. (Discussion limited to the acts of the Chinese.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1207

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1208

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Manchurian Incident--Anti-Japanese Movement and Boycott (NORTH CHINA) TSINAN

Date: 1931-35 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Manchurian Incident; propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains reports, press clippings and comments sent to Foreign Ministry from Jap consular officials at TSINAN and HSINKING. Also, reports to General Staff Office from military attaches. Reports are concerned with anti-Jap movements.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Person

Doc. No. 1208

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1209

8 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Stampede to Peace and Freedom,
by BABA, Tsunego, book

Date: 1945 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Lt. McEwen (from ITO, Dr. Nobufumi)

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"The control of public speeches was at that time being conducted by the Information Board, a constituent part of the cabinet machines. This organ wielded a major influence over the newspapers, periodicals and all other types of publication. When these authorities wished to do, they could drastically cut or suspend the supply of printing paper, altogether, to any of publications, on the ground that they found it disobedient to their direction." (Summary p. 1)

Incidents cited as to how this authority was carried out. Even informal conversations came within the purview of censorship.

"The Hiranuma Cabinet collapsed simply because it had been left behind by Germans when the question whether Japan should or should not enter a military alliance with Germany came to the forefront of popular speculation." (Summary p.5)

Analyst: E. Jackson

Doc. No. 1209

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1210

Date 9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: "Official Announcements
Concerning Foreign Relations"

Date: 1943 Original () Copy (X) Language:
(Jan - June) English
Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes (X) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (X)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)
as of Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Board of Information

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, OSHIMA, SHIGEMITSU

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Japanese Propaganda

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Official statements of Japanese Government
concerning foreign relations as follows:

| Chapter | Japanese Text For the Japanese text, see P. |
|--|--|
| I. Declaration of the Imperial Japanese Government on the Occasion of the China's Entry into the Current War (Jan. 9) | 1 1 |
| II. Joint Declaration of Japan and China Concerning the Co-operation for the Prosecution of the War (Jan. 9) . . | 2 2 |

| Chapter | Japanese Text | For the Japanese text, see P. |
|--|------------------|----------------------------------|
| III. Agreement Between Japan and China Concerning Retrocession of Con- cessions and Relinquishment of Extraterritorial Rights (Jan. 9) . . . 3 | 3 | |
| VI. Announcement of the Board of Infor- mation Concerning the Conclusion of the Japanese-German and Japanese-Italian Agreements on Economic Co-operation (Jan. 21) . . . 9 | 8 | |
| VII. Statement of the Spokesman of the Board of Information Concerning the Conclusion of the Japanese- German and Japanese-Italian Agree- ments on Economic Co-operation (Jan. 21) 12 | 11 | |
| IX. Statement of the Spokesman of the Board of Information Concerning Chile's Rupture of Diplomatic Re- lations (Jan. 22) 13 | 13 | |
| X. Announcement of the Board of Infor- mation Concerning the Transfer of Control of Enemy Property in China (Feb. 8) 15 | 13 | |
| XII. Statement of the Spokesman of the Board of Information on the Occa- sion of the Rendition of Con- cessions and Relinquishment of Extraterritorial Rights in China by France (Feb. 24) 17 | 17 | |
| XV. Announcement of the Ministry of Greater East Asiatic Affairs Con- cerning the Signing of the Trade Agreement Between Japan and French Indo-China (Mar. 5) 20 | 20 | |

| Chapter | | Japanese Text |
|---------|---|----------------------------------|
| | | For the Japanese text, see P. |
| XVI. | Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the Enforcement of the Rendition of Japanese Exclusive Concessions in China (Mar. 14) . . . | 20 21 |
| XXII. | Statement of the Prime Minister and Concurrently Minister of War, General Hideki Tojo following his Interview with the Chief of the Executive Commission, MR. Jorge B. Vargas (May 6) | 28 31 |
| XXVII. | Statement of the Prime Minister General Hideki Tojo Concerning the Rendition of the Shanghai International Settlement (June 30) . . . | 41 47 |

SUPPLEMENT I

| | | |
|----|--|--------|
| 1. | Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki Tojo, before the 81st session of the Imperial Diet (Jan. 28) | 47 56 |
| 2. | Address of Mr. Masayuki Tani, Minister for Foreign Affairs, at the 81st session of the Imperial Diet (Jan. 28) | 60 66 |
| 3. | Ambassador Kurusu's Address before the Osaka Chapter of the Taisei Yokusan Kai (Imperial Rule Assistance Association) on February 27, 1943 (Feb. 27) | 71 75 |
| 4. | Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki Tojo at the 81st session of the Imperial Diet (March 25) | 85 91 |
| 7. | Address of the Prime Minister General Hideki Tojo at the Manila Citizens Gratitude Rally (May 6) | 96 102 |

Japanese
Text
For the Japanese
text, see P.

SUPPLEMENT I

| | | | |
|-----|--|-----|-----|
| 8. | Address of the Prime Minister and Con- currently Minister of War, General Hideki Tojo at the Banquet given in honour of Chief of Executive Com- mission Vargas and other Philippine Leaders (May 6) | 98 | 104 |
| 9. | Address of the Prime Minister, General Hideki Tojo, before the 82nd session of the Imperial Diet (June 16). | 99 | 113 |
| 10. | Foreign Minister Shigemitsu's Speech in the House of Representatives (June 17) | 109 | 121 |

SUPPLEMENT II

| | | | |
|-----|---|-----|-----|
| 16. | Comments of the Spokesman of the Board of Information, on the American Announcement of the Air Raid on Japan (April 23). | 146 | 150 |
|-----|---|-----|-----|

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1211

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Prediction of things which will change in future warfare (answer thereof).

Date: Aug 1941 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare; propaganda and censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification of document, nature of institution involved, and the year in which published are indications of long range aggressive warfare.

Document contains speeches of predictions made by students of "Total War Institute."

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1211

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1212

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Industrial Year-Book of Japan, Manchuria and China," published by NICHIMAN Kogyo Shimbunsha.

Date: 1940 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Home Affairs Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: AOKI; SUZUKI, Teiichi

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Some topics treated:

1. Outlook of Japanese Industry (pp. 1-19).
2. The Establishment of the Asia Resuscitation Board (pp. 11-12).
3. Establishment of the Commission for the Expansion of Production Power. (p. 12)
4. Decision Concerning General Principles of Price Control (p. 13).
5. The Materials Mobilization Plan (pp. 13-14)
6. The Abrogation of the Japan-American Commercial Treaty (pp. 16-17).
7. Conclusion of the Japanese-German Trade Agreement. (p. 17)
8. Resignation of the HIRANUMA Cabinet (p. 17).
9. MANCHUKUOAN Economic and Financial Measures Get on the Right Track (pp. 19-22).
10. Unification of the Chinese Administration (pp. 22-24).

Doc. No. 1212

Page 1

Doc. No. 1212 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

11. Steady Progress of Semi-official Exploitation Companies (pp. 24-25).
12. United Administration of MONGOLIA Established (pp. 25-26).
13. Korean Industries (pp. 27-39).
14. Shipbuilding in Its Golden Age (pp. 39-40).
15. Automobile Industry (pp. 44-50).
16. Synthetic Oil Industry (pp. 53-56).

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1212
Page 2

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1213

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Reports to Japanese Foreign Ministry entitled "The Attitudes of Many Countries Concerning the Manchurian Incident (China)

Date: 1932 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship; aggression--Manchurian Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Document contains reports from Jap officials to Foreign Ministry re attitudes of Chinese towards the Manchurian Incident. The following extracts have been taken:

1. A surgeon at MUKDEN Red Cross Hospital reported a Mr. WANG I-CHE, who visited the hospital daily before the Manchurian Incident, wished his treatment to be concluded before Sept. 18 or 19, as he couldn't come after that. (Telegram from C of S, Kwantung Army to Vice Minister of War, 5 Oct 1931).

2. A dependent of TSANG SHIHI came to a specialist for treatment, but never returned after 12 Sept. when he pleaded he must leave for a change of air.

In the report of 7 Oct. 31, from CHANG CHUN to SHIGEMITSU CHANG stated that if necessary measures had been completed several months before, the Manchurian Incident would not have occurred.

Doc. No. 1213

Page 1

Doc. No. 1213 - Page 2 - SUMMARY cont'd

In the report from SHIGEMITSU to Foreign Minister SHIDEHARA, it is said China was in a state of great confusion at the time of the Manchurian Incident, and had no power to resort to arms against Japan. That China tried to evade conflict is evidenced by HU HAN MIN who stated China should negotiate with Japan in an effort to get Japan to withdraw her armies as soon as possible. SHIGEMITSU further stated China was practicing atrocious and inhuman conduct upon Japanese in China.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1213
Page 2

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1214

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: File of Tripartite Pact Documents, including Privy Council Committee Report and German-Japanese Exchange of Letters.

Date: 30 Sept 40 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese and English

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable):

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; KONOYE; ARAKI; OIKAWA; TOJO; SUZUKI, Kantara

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Conspiracy, aggressive warfare, Tripartite Pact

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1) The Privy Council Committee Report is mainly concerned with justifying conclusions of the Pact. Their reasons are "the U. S. attitude has become more and more unyielding," and the "three powers have a common interest."

It is stated that this Pact is the most important event in Japanese history, requiring special consideration, but "in view of the present situation, we cannot help but permit the conclusion of this Pact.....We wholly rely on what the government declares."

2) The draft "personal" letters repeat and clarify clauses of the Pact, and include English translations. None are dated, and both the Japanese and English copies are mimeographed.

a) OTT sees the coming years as "a new and decisive phase, in which it will be their task to assume leadership in the establishment of a New Order in Greater East Asia and Europe respectively." Mutual assistance is again emphasized.

b) MATSUOKA, speaking of the possibility of expansion of the war, said: "However, the conditions actually prevailing in Greater East Asia and elsewhere do not permit the Japanese Government to rest assured in the present circumstances that there is no danger whatever of an armed conflict taking place between Japan and Great Britain, and accordingly they desire to call attention of the German Government to such a possibility and to state that they feel confident that Germany will do their utmost to aid Japan in such eventuality with all means in their power."

c) A third exchange confirmed arrangements whereby Japan and Germany would dispose of islands in the South Seas after the war, some to go to Japan as "compensation."

Mr.
SANKY

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1215

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Proceedings of Privy Council Committee
26 Sept 1940, "Concluding Tripartite Pact Among Japan, Germany
and Italy."

Date: 26 Sept 40 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HARA, Yoshi/^{michi;} SUZUKI, Kantaro; KONOYE,
Prince Fuminaro; TOJO; MATSUOKA, Yosuke; OIKAWA, Koshiro.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression; Tripartite
Pact.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

SUZUKI explains the Pact is being concluded because:

- 1) Relations with America have been growing steadily worse;
- 2) The government is endeavoring to avoid a crisis with the U.S.A., along with Germany and Italy, who do not want the U. S. to enter the war;
- 3) Japan could make such a Pact without joining the war; and,
- 4) While serious consequences may ensue, present circumstances leave no other course. However, Japan also should prepare for the worst, (in connection with relations with Britain and the U.S., (pp. 1-4; 6-9).

Councillor ISHII's objection is that Germany and Italy cannot be trusted and maybe using Japan as Bismarck used Hungary. "The reason why I consent to this type of Pact with such disagreeable countries lies in our similar economic circumstances." (pp. 10-19). His criticism of the two countries is long and bitter.

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

Doc. No. 1215

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1216

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Wartime Economic Financial Plan

Date: 25 Oct 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification, plus the nature of institution involved, and year in which published are indications of long range aggressive warfare. (Document published 30 Nov 1938, by Japan-Manchurian Financial and Economic Research Institute, and reproduced for Total War Institute) Statistical data.

Document in two parts.

I. List for planning

- a) Finance in preparation or readiness for war, (11 tables);
- b) Wartime Finance, in case of war in 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, (comprised of 13 tables on 4-year plan);
- c) Finance for war on 7-year plan, 1939 to 1945.

II. Reference.

This consists of 30 tables, mostly relating to statistics of government revenues and expenditures for the last 10 years. (The last two tables contain wartime expenditures and revenues of France, Germany, England and America during World War I.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1216

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1217

12 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Official announcement concerning foreign relations.

Date: July-Dec Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
1945 English

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Board of Information

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO; KURUSU; SHIGEMITSU

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains official announcements of the Japanese Government from July to December 1943.

I. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO's visit to Thailand and other Southern Areas (July 5) - p. 1

IV. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the Independence of Burma and the Conclusion of a Treaty of Alliance between Japan and Burma (Aug 1) - p. 8

VI. Statement of the Prime Minister, General Hideki TOJO, on the Occasion of Burma's Independence (Aug 1) - p. 11

VII. Statement of the Foreign Office Authorities Regarding the Second Exchange of Nationals between Japan and the American Countries (Aug 26) - p. 14

VIII. Joint Declaration of Japan and Germany Concerning the Treachery of the Badoglio Government of Italy (Sep 15) - p. 15

X. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the Exchange of Congratulatory Messages between Prime Minister General Hideki TOJO and Fuehrer Adolph Hitler on the occasion of the Rescue of Il Duce (Sept. 23) - p. 21

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Page 1

XI. Announcement of the Board of Information Concerning the visit to Japan of Mr. Wang Ching-Wei (Sept. 23) - p. 22

XIII. Announcement of the Board of Information on the Conclusion of the Treaty between Japan and Burma Concerning the Territories of Burma in the "Shan and other Regions" (Sept. 26) - p. 23

XVII. Statement of the Imperial Japanese Government Concerning Philippine Independence (Oct 14) - 30

XX. Statement of AMAU, Eiji, President of the Board of Information, on the Establishment of the Provisional Government of Free India (Oct. 23) - p. 32

XXI. Announcement of the Board of Information Regarding the Conclusion of a Pact of Alliance between Japan and the Republic of China (Oct 30) - p. 39

Supplement I

1. Radio Address of KURUSU, Saburo, Former Special Ambassador to the United States, on American Independence Day (July 4) - p. 57

3. Message of Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU, Mamoru, Broadcast to Berlin on the Occasion of the Third Anniversary of the Conclusion of the Tripartite Pact (Sept. 27) - p. 76

4. Speech of Prime Minister, General TOJO, Hideki, at a Banquet in Honor of Jose P. Laurel and His Party at the Prime Minister's Official Residence (Oct. 2) - p. 80

5. Radio Address of Prime Minister, General TOJO, Hideki, on the Occasion of Philippine Independence (Oct. 15) p. 84

7. Address of Prime Minister General TOJO, Hideki, before the 83rd Session of the Imperial Diet (Oct 26) - p. 88

8. Address of Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU, Mamoru, before the Budgetary Session of the Eighty-Third Session of the Imperial Diet (Oct 27) - p. 98

9. Gist of the Address by Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU, Mamoru. (Delivered at Osaka, Nov. 15) - 104

10. Radio Address of Prime Minister, General TOJO, Hideki, on the 2nd Anniversary of the War of Greater East Asia (Dec. 8) - p. 108

11. Radio Address of Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU, Mamoru, Delivered on the Second Anniversary of the Japan-German-Italian Agreement (Dec 11) - p. 114

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1218

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Loans made by Japan to Manchukuo and Mongolia

Date: 1929 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry Files

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Economic Monopolies--
China

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Chart containing a long list of Manchurian and Mongolian railways, stock companies, and other organizations that borrowed money from Japan before the latter part of 1929. Total amount of money borrowed comes to 207,435,449 yen.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Wilds

Doc. No. 1218

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1219

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: The Attitude of Foreign Countries Concerning the Manchurian Incident (China)

Date: 1932 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship; aggression--Manchurian Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains collection of documents in form of reports from Jap officials in China and foreign countries to Ministry officials in Japan re attitudes toward, and reflections upon, the Shanghai Incident. Reports reveal CHANG HSUEN LIANG, and men of importance around him, were convinced that Japan felt sympathetic toward him since his withdrawal from CHINCHOW and that Japan was trying to restore friendly relations with him. Report states that CHANG HSUEN LIANG secretly dispatched a delegate bearing a letter of introduction from CHIANG KAI SHEK to Prince SAIONJI in an effort to solicit the Prince's aid to enable CHANG to return to Northeastern China in exchange for CHANG's approval of Japanese Government demands. SAIONJI replied his position was such that he could not give a decisive answer to this request, even though he sympathized with CHANG's position.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1219

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1220

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Document concerning WANG CHAO-MING's visit to Japan.

Date: June 41 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Economic monopolies--China

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Purpose of WANG's visit:

(1) China's loan for economical reformation of the Nanking Government;

(2) Retrocession of the Chinese Railways occupied by the Japanese army, (the Nanking government wanted the three powers to use the Mid-China Railway, but Japan would not return the railways);

(3) Utilization of Chinese capital, Japan's interference with productive industries being suspended, (Japan's interference with Chinese industries had caused Chinese capital to become idle. WANG hoped for retrocession of factories in Nanking); and,

(4) Regulation of relations with the North China Political Committee.

/AN: This volume is primarily in the nature of a diary./

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1220

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1221

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Business under the Control of Secretary KAKITSUBO."

Date: Jan-May Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
1941

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Extract from Churchill's speech on "Warning to Japan."
Extract from editorial of Times on Oct. 18, 1941.
Article "Prince of Wales" from Times on Nov. 20, 1941.
Reports from consuls and ambassadors in the U.S.
Britain, and Australia.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1221

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1222

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Report of speech by KOBAYASHI, Junichiro, "Awake to the Duty of Subjects and Promote the Imperial Spirit." (In KAITEN REVIEW magazine)

Date: Nov 1940 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Investigation Division

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KOBAYASHI, Junichiro

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalism: JINGOISM (Advocation of destruction of representative government.)

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This is the full speech, extracts of which were furnished by KOBAYASHI (now Item 7 of Evid. Doc. 882). It is evident the extracts are not representative of the spirit of the speech. The speech emphasized the following:

- 1) Attack on materialism, both in Japan and elsewhere, and especially belittling European civilization.
- 2) Extreme nationalism: Japan is a god-government, and that all orders and decisions issuing therefrom are absolute and infallible.
- 3) The war in which the nation is engaged is therefore a Holy War.

For example, in foreign countries, he says, force is freely used as circumstances or the ruler demands or permits, "..... whereas in Japan, the Heavenly Son employs the force singularly in accordance with heavenly righteousness.....Whenever, therefore, the force moves, it represents a holy attack. There can be no war except a holy war in Japan!.....

"/So/ there can never be reason for the charge of aggression, etc.....In case we are so charged, every one of us feels indignant in our righteousness, and we

rise up against even the whole world to remove the prejudice!"
(p. 13)

Here he retreats a bit and has to admit that in the past subjects have lacked the education and morality to carry out the principle, and pleads that "above all repentance for the past is important.....we lacked in duty as subjects."

Nevertheless, ".....apart from the Emperor's will, there is no will that guides the national movement. However, the House of Representatives and House of Peers may discuss a policy, they have no executive power.....The soldier, by being trusted with a part of his power, gives orders in accordance with his will. Hence the commander's order is the Emperor's order."

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1223

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Article, "We Are Not Entirely Right Wing" by KOBAYASHI, Junichiro (in Magazine "1936")

Date: Aug 1936 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KOBAYASHI, Junichiro

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalism
(Background, KOBAYASHI case.)

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

This is the complete original of an article from which KOBAYASHI-selected extracts were translated in Evid. Document No. 882 (Item 6). While the extracts reflect to a fair degree the spirit, some additional extracts are of interest.

In general, KOBAYASHI holds, with the officer clique, that the sovereign of the state (the Emperor) is divine, and opposes the theory that he is the instrument of the state. Such ideas, he holds, are "not to be tolerated" in Japan, which is constituted on a one-family basis. (p. 7) The phrase is stronger in Japanese than in English.

Later, he attacks the political parties in defending "Japanism" and the "National Structure Movement." In spite of the fact the "Imperial country has entered a critical stage," they had let "thought differences" be imported to the Imperial soil when they should, instead, "liquidate at once all fighting among the three factions of left, right, and center, by 'lifting up the mirror of Japan'.....Their regard for Japanism is heretic and as an extreme rightist movement of a foreign country is hardly acceptable here....." (p. 13)

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"The National Structure Movement, therefore, is neither left nor right, but embraces all, like a family."

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1224

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Privy Council meeting concerning Conclusion of Treaty between Japan and Burma regarding Territory of Burma in the SHAN District.

Date: 22 Sept 43 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: Privy Council

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE:

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU explained the significance of the draft of the Treaty /page 7/, explaining that Burma might be able to give military assistance "but our (Japan's) military responsibilities will not be lightened."

* The draft was approved by the Council.

Analyst: Capt. Phelps

Doc. No. 1224

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1225

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: List of Important Materials, demand and supply compared, also means for supplying the shortage in material.

Date: 18 Oct 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable):

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Economic monopolies for total war.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification of document, plus nature of institution involved, and year published are indications of long range aggressive warfare. Document republished for "Total War Institute," contains statistical data on iron, steel, scrap iron, mica, graphite, coals, wools, leather, rubber, wood, chemicals, machinery, foodstuffs, etc. Date first published May 1939. No foreign countries mentioned.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1225

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1226

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Proceedings of Privy Council, .
"Recognition of Protocol on Organization and Functions of
Border Demarcation Commission, Execution of Regulations in
Neutral Zone, etc."

Date: 4 June 41 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SUZUKI, Kantaro; MINAMI, Jiro; MATSUOKA,
Yosuke; SAITO (Director South Seas Bureau.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation Nine-Power
Treaty; aggression and domination, Thailand, Indo-China;
conspiracy.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Since all discussion is given in indirect quotation,
the proceedings only summarize the statements of individuals
concerned. Main subject was question of maintenance of order
in the area.

MINAMI brought up question of quelling further troubles
between THAILAND and INDO-CHINA. MATSUOKA replied that,
"The Empire will make the two countries maintain the status
quo for the present, and will take proper measures to
control the problem when it is brought up for discussion
in the general or individual conferences which will be held
in the future for the reorganization of the world." (pp. 12,
13).

Quizzed on the binding restrictions that Japan's
recognition of French sovereignty might entail, (with regard

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to the disposition of French Indo-China), MATSUOKA replied that, "It is not a concession but the circumstances at that time did not admit any delay in the obtaining of an understanding for our army's penetration into Indo-China. Moreover, ideas on rights in French Indo-China are expected to be overthrown radically in the future, so we took a generous attitude for the time being." (pp. 16-17).

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1227

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Special Secret Information

Date: July-Sept Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese
1945

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Home Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: As listed.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and
censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains:

1. Speeches concerning Potsdam Declaration, 30 July 1945, by:
TAKAHASHI, Sankichi, (Admiral) /Summary attached to document/
"....The Soviet Union has nothing to do with this declaration....."
ARAKI, Sadao, (General) /Summary attached to document./
"....We must not be deceived....we must fight to the end....."
TATEKAWA, Yoshiji, (Lt. Gen.) /Summary attached to document./
"....America wants peace keenly, and does not want to fight any more....."
KATSU, Seiken (Member of Parliament)
KITA, Soichiro (Member of Parliament)
OGASAWARA, Sankuro (Member of Parliament)
ADACHI, Tadashi (President of OJI Paper Mfg. Co.)

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- SUZUKI, Shogi (President of TOKYO Fire Insurance Co.
HASHIMOTO, Keizaburo (President of Imperial Oil Co.
HISAMOTO, Tadai (Manager of East Asia Tobacco Co.)
2. Beginning movements of the new political parties.
 3. Impressions of Prime Minister Prince HIGASHIKUNI,
Nomiya.
 4. Behavior and speeches of demobilized soldiers.
Belief that war was lost due to their lack of
effort, and dispirit due to no jobs when returning,
etc. Intention of re-establishing a new Japan.
 5. Opinions about TOJO's attempted suicide.
 6. Preparation of HATOYAMA's new political organization
 7. Prince HIGASHIKUNI's interview with foreign
correspondents.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1228

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Unbound Privy Council Report on Alliance between Japan and P.I.

Date: 20 Oct 43 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, Hideki; KOIZUMI, Chikahiko; IWAMURA, Michiyo; KAYA, Okinori; HATA, Yoshiaki; ANDO, Kisaburo; SHIGEMITSU, Mamoru; AOKI, Kazuo; MINAMI, Jiro; MORIYAMA, Eichi.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Japanese Aggression--Philippines

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Privy Council's decision to grant independence to P.I. and to recognize new (VARGAS) government. P.I. to cooperate with Japan by granting full use of military facilities and aiding Japan in her efforts to terminate the war successfully. To establish the Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere. Copy of treaty annexed to report.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Ohberg

Doc. No. 1228

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1229

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Materials for Determination of
Economic of National Force

Date: 24 Oct 41 Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Secretariat

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare.

Economic Monopolies--Manchuria and China

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

"Top Secret" classification, plus nature of institution involved, and year in which published are indications of long range aggressive warfare. Document, published 18 Aug 1939, by "Japan Manchurian Financial and Economic Research Institute" reproduced for "Total War Institute."

Document comprises statistics of trades with Britain, America, France and Soviet from 1936 to 1939. (Also of Manchukuo and North China with the above named countries.)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Miwa

Doc. No. 1229

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1230

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Cables exchanged between German Ambassador to Japan and the German Foreign Office.

Date: 1941-1944 :Original () Copy (x) Language: English

Has it been translated: Yes (x) No ()

Has it been photostated: Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: U. S. Chief of Counsel for Pros. of Axis Criminality, Washington, D. C.

PERSONS IMPLICATED: OHNUMA; SUZUKI; TOJO; HIRAGIMITSU; KAMIMURA.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive warfare; Tri-Partite Pact; Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity League

SUMMARY OR RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Translated German cables found in German Embassy in Tokyo as follows:
6-28-41 - Ribbentrop to German Ambassador to Japan outlining program to be followed to influence Japan towards immediate military proceedings against Soviet Russia.

6-28-41 - Ribbentrop to Tokyo re favorable military operations against Russia as additional reason for active Japanese participation.

3-26-42 - Ribbentrop to German Ambassador to Japan advising of conference with OHNUMA in which details of Russian offensive outlined, suggesting future military operations for three powers in Ceylon, Madagascar, Burma, Vladivostok.

Feb. 1942 - German Ambassador at Tokyo to Berlin advising of desire of Japanese cabinet for close cooperation with Germany and of TOJO's conviction of ultimate victory of German arms and his desire for continued Japanese-German friendship and cooperation. STEINER's opinion as to TOJO's present and future role in Cabinet and effect upon Tri-Partite agreement.

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4-7-43 - Berlin to Tokyo Embassy directing that detailed explanations re German reverses on Eastern Front with emphasis on German superiority be spread by means of whispering campaign.

8-2-42 - German Ambassador to Berlin outlining: (1) Japan's political, economic, and military situation in Greater East Asia; (2) Japanese-Soviet Relations; and (3) Effects of Italian events.

May 15th - Ribbentrop to Tokyo Embassy re Japanese-Russian relations with especial reference to attack on Vladivostok considering: (1) Situation never more favorable; (2) The longer one waits the more airfields will be built in Siberia; and (3) America will be able to render Russians more effective support when such installations are completed.

2-12-44 - Von Ribbentrop to Tokyo re conference in Tokyo with Japanese foreign minister concerning advisability of Germany's attempt to approach Russia for an agreement in view of Italy's collapse. Discussion of advisability of Germany proclaiming national freedom of occupied countries.

May 11th - Von Ribbentrop to Tokyo concerning propaganda re German peace feelers; suggested anti-propaganda measures.

4-8-44 - Von Ribbentrop to Tokyo re enemy propaganda concerning Tri-Partite parties. Directing counter measures be taken and forwarding information regarding: (1) THE MILITARY SITUATION with special reference to: (a) The Eastern Front, (b) Enemy air force losses, anti-aircraft defenses, and industrial installation dispersment, (c) Invasion precautionary measures, (d) Troop morale, (e) German U-boats, (f) Bombing of English Isles; (2) THE POLITICAL SITUATION, with special reference to: (a) Eden and Churchill foreign policies, (b) Distrust among allies, (c) Social and economic difficulties in England and America.

7-23-44 - Berlin to Tokyo outlining Japan's request for German-Japanese explanation of war aims along following lines: (1) All nations should work together for establishing lasting peace; (2) All nations should take rightful place; (3) Recognition of sovereignty of all nations; (4) Practice of open door policy by all nations; (5) Advancement of cultural relationships.

9-7-44 - Von-Ribbentrop to Tokyo discussing in detail Japanese suggestion for separate peace between Germany and Russia.

May 17th - German Ambassador to Tokyo to Berlin discussing: (1) TOJO's trip to Philippines; (2) Philippine defenses; (3) Chiang Kai-shek and North China reverses; (4) Germany's plan for final attack on Russia; (5) Danger of Bolshevism; (6) Mass execution of Katya

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and the Polish government.

6-6-44 - German Ambassador to Tokyo to Berlin - Military Attache reports regarding the breaking away of the Soviet Union from the Anti-German Enemy coalition.

4-24-44 - German Ambassador to Tokyo to Berlin - Japanese advances in forming and strengthening Great East Asia Theatre.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1231

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Letters to HAYA No. 2371 Force in KEIJO, CHOSEN, from YASU, No. 3422 Force in TOYONAKA, OSAKA (Classified "Top Secret")

Date: Aug 1945 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: War Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: NONAKA, Toshio

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Military Orders; Aggressive Warfare.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contents:

(1) Letter A--Order of the 27th Force issued by Commander NONAKA, Toshio: "The 7th Air Wing Commander should prepare to concentrate its air squadrons at the North HAMAMATSU, North ISE, and SUZUGA air base."

(2) Letter B--"The 27th Force shall be placed outside of the 6th Air Commander and be put within the jurisdiction of the Chief Air Commander after O.A.M., 10 Aug 1945."

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1231

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1232

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten file of personal histories of Privy Councillors.

Date: 1850- Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese
1945

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL. (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED: Privy Councillors

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Personal histories.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Short histories of Councillors, statements being brief, giving only dates and formal offices held.

Analyst: W. H. Wagner

Doc. No. 1232

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1233

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Notices regarding dissolution of the Japanese Military Dog Association.

Date: Sept 1945 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No ()

Has it been photostated? Yes () No ()

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: War Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Burning of documents.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Material concerning decision of dissolution of the Japanese Military Dog Association. Also the development of dissolution of the Association and action to take.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1233

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1234

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Situation of French Indo-China and Siam.

Date: June 1942 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: War Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Economic Monopolies; Propaganda and Censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

To give the people a true knowledge and recognition regarding the truth. Points out it is the treasure house of Greater East Asia, and has strategic importance.

Content as follows:

Situation of French Indo-China

- (1) Form of government.
- (2) Geographic situation.
- (3) Culture
- (4) Industry--agriculture and mining.
- (5) Greater East Asia and French Indo-China

Situation of Siam

- (1) Geographical situation.
- (2) Political change.
- (5) Natural environment and residents.
- (6) Natural resources.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1234

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1235

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Plans for Japan's Policies in Manchuria."

Date: Varied Original Copy Language: Japanese
and English

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: SHIDEHARA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive War--
Manchurian Incident

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

In an Associated Press interview, on 22 Nov 1931, Baron SHIDEHARA gave his views on the Manchurian Incident. (English translation.)

Also, "Dr. Baty's view on relation of recognition of Manchuria to Treaties concerning China," 14 Feb 1932, Tokyo, (a 12-page opinion, and a 2-page supplement).

Analyst: Capt. Phelps

Doc. No. 1235

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 2136

20 June 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Two letters from Central Liaison and First Demobilization Ministry, on Speech by General MINAMI, Jiro.

Date: 15 June 46 Original Copy Language: English

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Central Liaison Office and First Demobilization Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MINAMI, Jiro

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Preparing Public Opinion for War, Aggression Manchuria.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS

Letters attest that copy of Speech by General MINAMI to Division Commanders, 4 August 1931, is not in files of either organization, probably having been burned after surrender.

Analyst: W.H.Wagner

Doc. No. 2136

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1237

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Greater Asia" magazine
Date: June 1940 Original Copy Language: Jap.
Has it been translated? Yes No
Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalism;
Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

- I. The latest economic situation in Europe (pp.9-27)).
- II. The indispensable element in disposition of the Sino-Japanese affairs by BANDO, Taro (pp. 36-39).

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1237

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1238

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Greater Asia," Magazine.

Date: July 1940 Original (x) Copy () Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalism;
Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

I. Theory of time in Japanese philosophy (p. 2) by
KAWAI, Sutezo.

II. Materialistic Idealism of "KYOWA SEISHIN" (The
Spirit of Racial Cooperation in MANCHUCHUO.) (p. 15) by
SAKURAZAWA, Joichi.

III. Things Heard Here and There (an essay) by KASAKI,
Yoshiaki (p. 22).

IV. Regulations for Self-Defence Organization at Namyung
District in China (p. 50).

V. The Report of the Foundation of CHENG HSIAO-HSU (a
veteran statesman of MANCHUCHUO) Shrine by TOSEO OHTA (p. 27).

VI. News from Home and Abroad (p. 70)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1238

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1239

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Greater Asia," Greater Asia Establishment Society magazine.

Date: April 1940 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TERANISHI, HAKUUN, and other authors

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalism; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contents:

1. Being the Whole Body, HASHIMOTO (p. 1)
3. Let the Holy War Be Achieved, TERANISHI (p. 15)
4. Let Us Have Courage to Carry Out Our Theory, HAKUUN (p. 42)
6. The Theory on Establishment of a Village, RYO SOU MEI (Appendix)
7. Priority of the Continental Theory, SENDA (p. 64)
9. Shantung and Hopei Coolies' Emigration to Manchuria and Mongolia (p. 51)
12. HASHIMOTO advocates Jap possession of territories. in Manchuria, Korea, America and India. (pp. 67-69)

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1239

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1240

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "The Greater Asia" - Monthly Magazine

Date: Jan 1940 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Ultra-nationalism; propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Basic Thought of a World New Order, KAWAI, Juzo (p. 2);
3. Study of Living Politics, KANEZAI, Ken (p. 37);
4. The Ability of Criticism in Manchukuo's Press Circle, YAMAKAGO, Dojin (p. 116);
5. Recent India's Tendency, MARUYAMA (p. 49);
6. Tendency of American Congress and Other Public Opinion Toward Japan (p. 40);
7. Development of the Student Labor Service Corps' Movement, INOUE, Minoru (p. 113);
8. Search the Source of Calamity in the European Struggle, FUSE, Katsuji (p. 69); and
9. TAKAYAMA, Hikokuro's, Biography, INOUE, Toyoo (p. 136).

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Stewart

Doc. No. 1240

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1241

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Handwritten file of telegrams,
Foreign Ministry.

Date: Feb-April Original () Copy (x) Language: Japanese
1941

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA; KONOYE; SHIGEMITSU

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

The following telegrams were among a file of miscellaneous messages:

a) KONOYE to NOMURA (29 March 1941)--Urges American be told of great harm and severity of economic sanctions and effect in Japan.

b) MATSUOKA to SHIGEMITSU (18 Feb 1941)--The Foreign Minister claims Germany did not want Japan to provoke the United States; nor did he wish America to enter the war.

c) Letter to Roy Howard from MATSUOKA (May 1941).

d) File of 8 handwritten telegrams in English from Ambassador Steinhardt (Moscow) to Hull (Washington), reporting on diplomatic proceedings, particularly his talks with MATSUOKA.

The telegrams are all marked "Secret for the President and the Secretary" or "and the Under Secretary," and it is probable they were secured either by espionage or breaking of the American diplomatic code.

Of interest are the statements of MATSUOKA. He is quoted as saying that:

(a) Hitler is a genius.

(b) He (MATSUOKA) had given no commitments to Hitler and Mussolini.

(c) Japan would not feel obligated to declare war on the U.S. if Germany did so, but might if the U. S. declared war first.

(d) "Japan would have to come to an agreement with Soviet Russia or fight."

Also, according to Steinhardt, Japan was very eager to conclude an agreement with Soviet Russia (of neutrality) to protect her flank, but did want to make territorial concessions. Finally, the Soviet concluded the agreement only because it feared attack from Germany.

MATSUOKA further confirmed the urgent necessity of making an agreement with the Soviet Union. He had said (in March), "American history indicates it is the United States which goes to war with other countries." He feared cooperation of the USSR with the USA.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1242

9 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: File containing reports from the Chief of Staff of the KWANTUNG Army, NISHIO, concerning propaganda programs to be carried out in North China. (Vol. 11 (11))

Date: 1935 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: War Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: NISHIO; FURUSHO

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggressive Warfare--abrogation of Nine-Power Pact; Propaganda and censorship.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Objects of propaganda program to be carried out by KWANTUNG Army in North China, as communicated to FURUSHO, War Minister, by NISHIO, Chief of Staff of the KWANTUNG Army, are:

1. Make entire world understand why the KWANTUNG Army has to send its forces into North China.
2. To encourage the people of North China toward the idea that separation from Central China will be advantageous to them by stimulating anti-KUOMINTANG and anti-Bolshevik ideas.
3. Encourage a hatred of war among Chinese in other areas.

These objectives to be achieved by:

1. Causing people of North China to feel that they have been looked upon by the KUOMINTANG as a colony which has been exposed to incessant squeezings.

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2. Encouraging ardent desires toward establishment of a separate government, and Japan will give its support to this.

3. Impressing the whole world that Japan will apply military force in case the KUOMINTANG government should continue their interference in North China.

a. KUOMINTANG encouraging anti-Japanese feeling, encouraging boycott of Japanese goods, etc.

b. Activity by Japanese forces in North China.

4. Stimulating a feeling of antagonization within the forces of the Chinese Army, and creating a hatred of war by emphasizing the great power of the Japanese Army.

This plan is to be carried out by the staff section and is to be put into practice by special service sections (TOKUMUKIKAN) in China and Inner Mongolia.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1243

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "Secret Great Diary of Manchuria",
Volume 4 of 14 Volumes (22 Jan-21 Apr 32)

Date: 1932 Original Copy Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? (yes) No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of
Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: War Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: KOTOHITO, KOISO, HAYASHI, HIRAKAWA,
and others.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE:

Abrogation of the Nine Power Pact; Aggression --
Manchurian Incident; Propaganda and Censorship

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (With page references):

Collection of War Ministry secret documents, mainly orders from Chief of the General Staff, Imperial Prince KOTOHITO, to various army leaders in Shanghai, Korea, and Manchuria; re organization and transportation of soldiers, weapons, equipment, and ammunition between 22 January and 21 April 1932. Among these orders is one from HIRAKAWA, Chief of Staff of the Shanghai Expeditionary Army, to Vice Minister of War, stating 1000 Chinese small arms and 100,000 bullets are to be secretly kept in a Japanese spinning factory near Shanghai for use by Jap veterans in case of emergency.

Included are pictures showing the scenes between MUKDEN and U-SHUN, where a group of men belonging to a former Manchurian Regime, endeavored to cut a high tension line, was killed, and he and his equipment are shown.

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Doc. No. Page 2, SUMMARY CONT'D

Secret instructions from Prince KOTOHITO to HAYASHI,
5 Apr 1932, re Jap troop detachments to Manchuria.

Secret record of Jap Intrigue Council toward Manchuria
and Mongolia in 1930.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1244

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Collection of Diplomatic Announcements

Date: 1941-1942 Original (x) Copy () Language: Jap

Has it been translated? (Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Cabinet Information Board

PERSONS IMPLICATED: TOJO, MATSUOKA, KONOE, TANI, KURUSU, NOMURA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Valuable evidentiary document.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Re collection of speeches and announcements made by TOJO, MATSUOKA, et al in connection with the conclusion of treaties and other diplomatic affairs during 1941.

MATSUOKA's views: "Interference of a third power in the struggle within the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere is needless", (p. 8). "Our Greater East Asia leadership is based on our great spirit of universal concordia", (p. 12). "Time is not ripe for confluence of the Chungking Government and the Nanking Government", (p. 14). "Proposal of Japanese Government to mediate in the Thai-French Indo-China border dispute", (p. 16). Thai-French Indo-China Truce Agreement, (p. 20, 38, 40); "Diplomacy not accompanied by power is useless", (p. 30). /Note: Foreign Office announcement of his visit to Germany and Italy, p. 48/.

Re "Peaceful negotiation in regard to southward policy", (Vice Foreign Minister OHASHI), p. 34.

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Doc. No. 1244, Page 2, SUMMARY CONT'D

Foreign Office conversation re successful mediation of Thai-French Indo-China border dispute, (p. 42).

Intelligence Bureau's announcement re Jap-French Indo-China economic negotiation compromise, (p. 56).

Intelligence Bureau's announcement re signing of French-Thai Peace Agreement, (p. 59).

Intelligence Bureau's announcement re breaking off of Jap-Netherlands East Indies negotiation, (p. 73); conversation of ISHII, (3d Sec. Chief, Intelligence Bureau), P. 73.

Imperial Government's statement re joint Jap-French Indo-China Defense, (p. 88); Foreign Office conversation re same, (p. 88); Intelligence Bureau's announcement re conclusion of Jap-French proposal on joint defense, (p. 89).

Jap French Indo-China Bank Agreement, (p. 91).

Analyst: Capt. Phelps

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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1245

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: SHANGHAI and MANCHURIAN
Ministry Rosters and Service Records. Vol. I

Date: 1931-1935 Original Copy Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE:

MANCHURIA and SHANGHAI Incidents

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Documents include; roster of police attached to Jap Embassy in MANCHURIA, from 1932-1935, together with their service records, (containing a summary of individual activities in connection with the enforcement of law and order in MANCHURIA during that period): Roster of personnel in the SHANGHAI Consulate General's Office from 1931-1933, (together with their service records containing a summary of individual activities in connection with the protection of Japanese residents during the SHANGHAI disturbances and Incident.

Records give a good picture of disturbances in SHANGHAI and MANCHURIA, and were recorded for the purpose of obtaining additional pensions for the individuals who served during that period.

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Included is an article about assistance of the police in the activities of the army in MANCHURIA. The affairs of military movements in which the police organization assisted are described in detail, from 1934-1936. The following has been extracted: "Since the MANCHURIAN Incident, our police organization started the task of collecting general information necessary to military activities.....and has given assistance to the Japanese Army. According to the MUKDEN Conference decision, 1 October 1932, matters relating to peace and order are controlled by the KWANTUNG Provost Marshal, and the cooperation between the police and army as well as the military police has been closer and closer....."

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1246

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: "The Present Condition of Manchukuo under the Chinese Incident" by YAMAMOTO, Kumaichi

Date: 1938 Original Copy Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE:

Aggression, MANCHURIA; Economic monopolies, MANCHURIA

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Contains a report on present condition of MANCHUKUO under the Chinese Incident, made at 251st regular meeting of Japan Diplomatic Association (May 1938); summarized by YAMAMOTO, Kumaichi, Chief of a section of the Inquiry Division of Foreign Ministry, and former secretary of the Japanese Embassy in MANCHUKUO. Report gives a generalized view of Jap-MANCHUKUOAN relationships, cites need for a special reciprocal tariff between the two countries; praises public peace efforts of officials of Japanese lineage; remarks about progress of Jap administration in MANCHUKUO; summarizes MANCHUKUOAN disturbances against Japanese at time of the Chinese Incident as being due to success of Russian propaganda; discusses like topics of interest.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Blumhagen

Doc. No. 1246

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1247

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Privy Council Meeting

Date: 19 Sep 1945 Original Copy Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Privy Council

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Termination of aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Subject for deliberation - Orders issued as result of Japan's acceptance of the Potsdam Declaration.

The government submitted a draft for the enactment of an Imperial edict, with the aim of making arrangement for proper legislative measure in order to fulfill the demands of SCAP.

Draft was unanimously passed.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Kobayashi

Doc. No. 1247

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1248

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: Privy Council Meeting

Date: 2 Feb 1944 Original Copy Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Imperial Diet

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and
Censorship - Education to prepare Jap opinion for war.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Privy Council meeting concerning the revision of the
Japanese School System to suit the national emergency.

Analyst: 2nd Lt. Goldstein

Doc. No. 1248

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1249

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: SHUHO (Collection of Government weekly periodicals)

Date: Oct 14 1936 Original Copy Language: Jap
Jun 30 1937

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable) as of:

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HIRUTA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Propaganda and
Censorship Economic Monopolies-MANCHURIA

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Government weekly periodicals covering: Establishment of the Manchuria Development Company; Discussion on Purpose of Anti-Comintern Pact; The International Significance of the Anti-Comintern Pact; The Showa Seiko Company (engaged in iron ore production in Manchuria); A speech by Prime Minister Hirota concerning MANCHURIAN and Russian Relations; Relationship between Japan and MANCHUKUO in 1937; Discussion on Progress of the South Manchurian Railroad, including a number of industries controlled by it; membership, etc.

Analyst: 2nd.Lt. Klauser

Doc. No. 1249

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1249 SUPPL.

26 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT.

Title and Nature: SHUHO (Government Weekly)

Date: 14 Oct 36 Original (x) Copy () Language: Jap
to 30 June 37

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: HIROTA, OSHIMA, ARITA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Violation of Nine-Power Treaty (Manchukuo); conspiracy for aggressive warfare against China (Anti-Comintern Pact); thought control.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

Government weekly periodicals covering, among other topics:

(a) Nov. 18, 1936: An article about emigration to Manchuria, stating that it was planned, systematized and financed by the Ministry of Overseas Affairs.

The Manchuria Development Company, a semi-government organ was established for the purpose of boosting emigration into Manchuria and to establish the firm foundation of Japan's future emigration.

(b) Nov. 25, 1936: Outline of the (Thought Control) Protection and Observation Investigation Committee under the direct control of the Minister of Justice to promote "national defense ideas" and stamp out "dangerous thoughts."

(c) Dec. 2, 1936: "Significance of the Anti-Comintern Pact" by the Information Section of the Foreign Ministry. (pp. 20-30)

This article and the one quoted below indicate that, from Japanese side, the Anti-Comintern Pact was concluded with a view to action in China rather than with the purpose of checking comintern activities inside Japan.

"The Empire has an important responsibility as the master of the Orient for maintaining peace and insuring

the stability of the East Asia. She cannot, therefore, remain an utterly idle spectator when the neighboring countries are on the verge of falling into confusion by comintern actions, resulting in disturbing the peace and jeopardizing the stability in the East Asia. This is the reason why the Empire has been continuing her constant efforts until today for the expulsion of Bolshevism."

"The anti-Japanese people's front was not only aimed at mere inducement of strikes and anti-Japanese operations but in fact it is trying to make a full preparation for war against Japan in the third country." (p. 28)

(d) Jan 13, 1937: Radio address by Foreign Minister ARITA on Jan. 8, 1937. After outlining comintern activities in Europe, he gives explanation on the activities of the Comintern in China and stresses the menace of influential anti-Japanese organizations which had been backed by the Communist party in China. In view of this situation, the Japanese Government in 1936 proposed the question of joint anti-Comintern operation between two nations. (pp 36-37)

"The foreign policy of the Empire is to maintain the stability of East Asia and to aim at keeping harmony with other nations and also to contribute to the peace of the world. But the problems of Communist activities in MANCHUKUO and the vigorous activities of the Bolshevizing operation in China behind the anti-Japanese people's front are so important that they cannot be left alone, and if they are unattended, the Sino-Japanese relation will turn from bad to worse and result in inviting uneasy situations in East Asia." (P. 37)

"So long as the stability of East Asia remains as the unmovable policy of the Empire, the taking of appropriate measures for saving East Asia from the tyranny of Red peril is of the most proper thing to do. The Anti-Comintern Pact is the materialization of our policy, namely, the stability of East Asia and is only one of its manifestations."

"To cooperate in prevention of Bolshevizing operation in China and MANCHUKUO is an important duty based on the national policy of the Empire and such activities of the Comintern, which jeopardize the basis of the state must be repulsed at any cost. As the government is carrying out its foreign operation based upon this belief, the arising of some misunderstanding and misinterpreting is possible and cannot be avoided; therefore, we have to endure unbearable feelings to a certain extent."

(e) Jan 20, 1937: Article about the SHOWA SEIKO Company, established to develop ore mines in Manchukuo to meet the demands of Japan's iron and steel autarchy policy.

(f) Jan 27, 1937: Speech by HIROTA, stressing Japan's mission in the world and dealing specifically with Manchurian and Russian relations. He urges greater armaments and strengthening of the Japanese defense on the Continent.

(g) March 3, 1937: In an article about the relations between Japan and Manchukuo, mention is made of the establishment of the Manchukuo Affairs Bureau for the sake of mutual political, economic and spiritual dependency.

(h) April 14, 1937: In an article, discussing the progress of the South Manchurian Railroad, the industries controlled by the S.M.R. are mentioned.

(i) May 19, 1937: Article showing the functions and organization of the Government Planning Board.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1250

10 April 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Handwritten telegram, SHIGEMITSU to MATSUOKA on Foreign Policy.

Date: 5 Apr 1940 Original () Copy (x) Language: Jap

Has it been translated? Yes (x) No ()

Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Foreign Ministry

PERSONS IMPLICATED: MATSUOKA, SHIGEMITSU, TOJO, SHIMADA

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Aggression

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

SHIGEMITSU, in London, cabled some startling comments on foreign policy to MATSUOKA which confound some of MATSUOKA's theories, and which the latter rejected shortly thereafter by signing the Tri Partite Pact.

SHIGEMITSU advised:

1. Rather than an alliance with the Axis, the carrying out of an "Independent Parallel Policy"- such as the one the Soviet Union had carried out so successfully in gaining concessions in the Balkans, Baltic States, and Eastern Europe from the Axis without a fight. That is,

"Japan should adopt such a foreign policy as to obtain the best result at the minimum loss, by not fighting against odds but disposing of one after another, at the expense of weak and small countries such as France, Netherland, and Portugal. In doing so, Japan will have to pay dearly, indirectly to other countries such as the United States and Britain, but it cannot be helped." (p.1)

2. Compromise with Britain and the United States. The British moved their center of power from SHANGHAI to HONGKONG and now to SINGAPORE, demonstrating a tendency to retreat. The U. S. likewise has adopted the 'Monroe Doctrine' which means the same.

3. There need be no war with America. He states:

"Embargo placed on petroleum and scrap iron does not necessarily mean a positive policy or that the United States intends to resort to arms with Japan. The Japanese policy adopted by Britain and the United States is not a joint policy but it is a parallel policy. Yet, the enforcement of their parallel policy does not accord with each other. It all depends upon the attitude of Japan. If Japan should execute the Greater East Asiatic policy with a fair and honorable attitude, interference by Britain and the United States may be automatically removed."
(p. 3, 4)

4. Gradual rapprochement with the United States and Britain. Certain warmongers, principally leftists in these countries, were trying to make a Japanese-American war, and they must be disregarded.