Max Mayer V Co. Inc. ESTABLISHED

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF Kid and Fabric Gloves

> FACTORY MAX MAYER GLOVE MFG. CO., INC. BROOKLYN, N. Y. OFFICES BOSTON-PHILADELPHIA-CHICAGO CHEMNITZ

CANADA MAX MAYER & CO. OF CANADA, LTD. TORONTO, ONTARIO

Gloves

2 Park Avenue. New York

TELEPHONE CALEDONIA 5-2969 CABLE ADDRESS "MAXMAYCO" CODES: LIEBER'S, BENTLEY'S, WESTERN UNION 10. NON 938 Notember 9, 1938

Dr. A. Wagner, Commercial Attache 1440 St. Catherine St. W. Montreal, Quebec

Dear Sir:

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We are importers of gloves from Sudetenland and were in communication with the Canadian Bank of Commerce, with whom we are doing our banking business, our firm being established under the style of Max Mayer &Co. of Canada Limited, 54 Wellington Street West, Toronto.

We would thank you to advise us whether there are any barter transactions between Sudetenland and Canada permissible. If so, you would no doubt be able to give us full information, and the names of such exporters in Canada who would be interested to work with us.

The gloves which we purchase in Sudetenland are leather gloves and cotton gloves. We also are exporting goods of similar character from other parts of Germany, to Canada.

We shall be very thankful to have you give us the information in question.

Yours trul & CO. INO MAX MAYER 10 10, 58.

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MM:RK

November 12, 1938.

Messrs. Max Mayer & Co., Inc., 2 Park Avenue, New York.

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Dear Sirs:

Har Dev. Ben. Spez.

In reply to your letter of November 9, I wish to inform you that since the coming into force of the German-Canadian Payments Agreement two years ago, barter transactions between Germany and Canada are no longer permitted. There is also no possibility of shipping goods from Germany to Canada against full or partial payment in so-called Aski or registered Marks, neither is payment through an Inland account for barter with the United States possible. The various methods of facilitating German exports to Canada have been abolished since Germany is enjoying most-favoured-nation treatment in Canada and since the Canadian Government has ordered that the rate of exchange of the Reichsmark for determining the home market value be 32¢. This means, however, that customs duties are charged on the "Price as sold to purchaser in Canada" if this sum, computed at the daily rate of exchange (abt. 40¢), is higher than the fair market value in Germany computed at 32%. I have not yet been informed from what date the Sudetenland now German territory (but still separate with regard to customs), will come under the same agreement.

Yours very truly,

by: (Dr. Anton Wagner)